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EXPLANATORY NOTES

From February 1989, both current and historical estimates in this publication are compiled using benchmarks based on the 1986 Census of Population and Housing. See paragraphs 39 and 46.

From March 1989, standard errors associated with estimates in this publication have been revised consistent with the new sample introduced in September 1987. See the Technical Note for detailed tables containing new standard errors.

Introduction

- 1. This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the labour force survey part of the monthly population survey. Estimates of the labour force characteristics of family members and of family composition are also included.
- 2. Estimates of the civilian labour force are available for about fifty regions across Australia and are shown in various publications produced by State offices of the ABS. For details, see the list of related publications provided in paragraph 80.
- 3. Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in *The Labour Force*, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0).
- 4. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are published and are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics is shown later in this publication.

The population survey

5. The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (about 31,000 houses, flats, etc.) and a list sample of non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about three-fifths of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. To avoid a clash with the Christmas period, the December 1988 survey interviews commenced on Monday 5th December 1988. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the reference week).

Scope

- 6. The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:
 - (a) members of the permanent defence forces;
 - (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and

estimated populations;

- (c) overseas residents in Australia; and
- (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependents) stationed in Australia.

Coverage

- 7. In the labour force survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection. The coverage rules are, necessarily, a balance between theoretical and operational considerations. Nevertheless, the chance of a person being enumerated at two separate dwellings in the one survey is considered to be negligible. See paragraph 73 for information about the effect of the coverage rules on family statistics.
- 8. Persons who are away overseas from their usual residence for less than six weeks at the time of interview are generally enumerated at their usual residence when relevant information can be obtained from other usual residents present at the time of the survey. Persons who, at the time of interview, are overseas for six weeks or more but for less than twelve months are included in the estimates on the assumption that their labour force characteristics are similar to those of the persons responding in the survey.

Definitions

- 9. The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on the *actual activity* undertaken during the reference week (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.). The following definitions, which conform closely to the international standard definitions adopted by the International Conferences of Labour Statisticians, relate only to those persons within the scope of the survey.
- 10. Employed persons comprise all those aged 15 and over who, during the reference week:
 - (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
 - (b) worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers); or
 - (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or

- (d) were employers, self-employed persons or unpaid family helpers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
- 11. Full-time workers are those who usually worked 35 hours or more a week (in all jobs) and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the reference week. Part-time workers are those who usually worked less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the reference week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.
- 12. Hours of work. The estimates of aggregate hours and of average hours refer to actual hours worked during the reference week, not hours paid for. The estimates may be affected by public holidays, leave, absenteeism; temporary absence from work due to sickness, injury, accident and industrial disputes; and stoppages of work due to bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. When hours of work are recorded, fractions of an hour are disregarded and this results in slightly lower estimates than would be the case if actual time worked was recorded. Persons stood down for the whole of the reference week without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment are regarded as employed and therefore are included (working no hours) in the calculation of average hours worked. Persons stood down in the reference week for reasons other than bad weather and plant breakdown and waiting to be called back to their job are regarded as unemployed and are excluded from the calculations.
- 13. The employment/population ratio for any group is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.
- 14. Unemployed persons are those aged 15 and over who were not employed during the reference week, and
 - (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week and:
 - (i) were available for work in the reference week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the reference week); or
 - (ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week and would have started in the reference week if the job had been available then;
- or (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week (including the whole of the reference week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
- 15. Actively looking for work includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service

- noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives. The active steps were asked in the order shown in the table in this publication showing unemployed persons classified by active steps taken. Since only one response was recorded for each person asked this particular question, the estimates do not reflect the relative importance of the steps taken to find work.
- 16. Unemployed persons classified as job losers are those who have worked full time for two weeks or more in the past two years and left that job involuntarily, that is; were laid off or retrenched from that job; left that job because of their own ill-health or injury; the job was seasonal or temporary and they did not leave that job to return to studies; or their last job was running their own business and the business closed down because of financial difficulties.
- 17. Unemployed persons classified as job leavers are those who have worked full time for two weeks or more in the past two years and left that job voluntarily, that is; because of unsatisfactory work arrangements/pay/hours; the job was seasonal, temporary or holiday job and they left that job to return to studies; their last job was running their own business and they closed down or sold that business for reasons other than financial difficulties; or any other reasons.
- 18. Unemployed persons classified as former workers are those who have previously worked full time for two weeks or more but not in the past two years.
- 19. Unemployed persons looking for first job are those who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.
- 20. Unemployed persons looking for first full-time job are those who had never worked full time for two weeks or more and are looking for full-time work.
- 21. The *labour force* comprises all persons who, during the reference week, were employed or unemployed, as defined above.
- 22. The *unemployment rate* for any group is the number unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.
- 23. Duration of unemployment is the period from the time the person began looking for work or was stood down to the end of the reference week. Thus the survey measures current (and continuing) periods of unemployment rather than completed spells. For persons who may have begun looking for work while still employed, the duration of unemployment is defined as the period from the time the person last worked full time for two weeks or more to the end of the reference week. Periods of unemployment are recorded in complete weeks and this results in a slight understatement of duration. Average duration is obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group. Median duration is the duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups,

one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.

- 24. Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation. Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job. Unemployment rates by industry and occupation are only available for February, May, August and November.
- 25. Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the reference week, were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined above. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, persons in institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoriums, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the reference week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation. Specific surveys of persons not in the labour force indicate that a number want to work but are not classified as unemployed because they were not actively looking for work and/or were not available to begin work in the reference week. Included in this group are the discouraged jobseekers and other persons marginally attached to the labour force.
- 26. The labour force participation rate for any group is the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. It is not practicable to collect information about school or tertiary educational institution attendance or birthplace for persons in institutions (who are classified not in the labour force). Participation rates for persons classified by birthplace are calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions. Participation rates for persons classified by school or tertiary educational institution attendance are calculated using population estimates which include those in institutions. Paragraph 27 contains more details about persons classified by school or tertiary educational institution attendance.
- 27. Persons attending school or tertiary educational institution. Persons attending school comprise those aged 15 to 19 who, during the reference week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools. Persons attending a tertiary educational institution, comprise those aged 15 to 24 who were enrolled full time at universities, colleges of advanced education, technical colleges, colleges of technical and further education and theological colleges. Excluded are persons enrolled at coaching and business schools. Persons attending school or a tertiary educational institution are classified as in the labour force if they were employed or unemployed as defined above. In tables classified by attendance at school or a tertiary educational institution, institutionalised persons are included in the category "Not in the labour force, attending neither school nor a tertiary educational institution full time".
- 28. Persons classified by *labour force status* are classified according to whether or not they are in the labour force. Persons in the labour force classified by *employment status* are classified according to whether they are

- employed or unemployed. The February, May, August and November issues of this publication include tables showing estimates of employed persons, obtained from the labour force survey, classified by *status of worker* i.e. whether they were employers, self-employed persons, wage and salary earners (employees), or unpaid family helpers.
- 29. Industry is classified according to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) 1983 (1201.0 and 1202.0) and occupation according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) 1986 (1222.0).
- 30. Occupational data classified to ASCO was introduced for the August 1986 survey, replacing the Classification and Classified List of Occupations (CCLO), Revised November 1980 used in previous surveys. The new classification relies on the level and specialisation of skill required to satisfactorily perform primary tasks as its classificatory variable and is therefore significantly different from the previous classification. The appendix in the August 1986 issue of this publication contains a more detailed explanation of the concepts and structure underlying the classification.
- 31. A matrix of the two classifications at the broadest classification level (Major Group) was given in Table 41 of the August 1986 issue of this publication. The estimates contained in the matrix were derived from a subsample of respondents in the May 1986 Labour Force Survey. The responses to questions on the occupations of employed persons were coded to both ASCO and CCLO classifications and the matrix was produced by crossclassifying ASCO Major Groups by CCLO Major Groups. A similar matrix, but on the basis of Minor Groups, is available also. More information is available on request from the contact officer whose name appears on the front of this publication.
- 32. In the labour force survey, persons are classified as married or not married. Marital status is determined from information supplied by the respondent about the individual himself or herself and, where the person was reported as being married, about the living arrangements of persons usually resident in the household. Therefore, marital status does not necessarily reflect legal status. Persons are classified as married if they are reported as being married (including de facto) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The not-married category comprises persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced, as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household. Persons who live in a de facto relationship but do not volunteer this information when asked whether they are married are classified as not married. For details of discontinuities in estimates of marital status, see paragraph 47.
- 33. The determination of family relationships and composition is complex, involving many factors. The following description outlines the major principles used for this survey. A family is defined to consist of two or more related persons usually resident in the same household at the time of the survey. A family comprises

a married couple or a family head (as defined in paragraph 35) together with any persons having any of the following relationships to them:

- (a) sons or daughters of any age, if not married and with no children of their own present;
- (b) other relatives if not accompanied by a spouse, sons or daughters, or parents of their own; or
- (c) any children under 15 years of age who do not have a parent present.
- 34. The following points should be noted in relation to the definition of a family in the previous paragraph:
 - (a) the term *relationship* includes relationships by blood, marriage or adoption;
 - (b) a family, as defined, can contain no more than two married persons, and can contain two married persons only if these persons are husband and wife (referred to as married-couple families);
 - (c) other families are families other than married-couple families as defined above. From the definition of married and not married in paragraph 32 it can be seen that the heads of other families must, by definition, be not married. In addition to one-parent families, this category includes families in which there is no parent, for example a family head living with a brother or sister;
 - (d) persons are defined as not a member of a family if they are not related to any other member of the household in which they are living. A person is considered to be living alone if he or she is the sole member of a household. Thus, a person who is the sole occupant of a self-contained flat attached to another dwelling is considered to be living alone;
 - (e) the terms usually reside and present are synonymous, and refer to persons who were identified by the respondent as usual residents of the household at the time of the survey.
- 35. The family head of an other family is the parent in the case of a one-parent family or, in the case of other groups of related persons, is generally defined to be the eldest person in the family. No family head is defined for a married-couple family.
- 36. Dependents (previously described as dependent children) comprise all family members under 15 years of age; all family members aged 15 to 19 attending school; and all family members aged 15 to 24 who are full-time students at a tertiary or further educational institution.
- 37. The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) Manual, Edition 3 (1216.0). Capital City Statistical Divisions are predominantly urban in character and the boundaries are delineated to contain the anticipated urban

development of the capital cities (and associated urban centres) for a period of at least 20 years.

Population benchmarks

38. Labour force survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for under-enumeration in the survey, and leads to more reliable estimates. The independent population statistics (benchmarks) are the latest available estimates at the time the labour force survey is conducted, but they usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in Australian Demographic Statistics (3101.0) because they are derived from incomplete information about population changes.

Revision of series

- 39. Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each census of population and housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. These revisions affect unadjusted, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates. The last such revision was made in February 1989 to take account of the results of the 1986 Census of Population and Housing, which affected all the monthly estimates from January 1984 to January 1989.
- 40. Following the change in official population estimates to a place of usual residence basis after the 1981 census, the population benchmarks used in the estimation of labour force survey data are compiled according to place of usual residence. For an explanation of the conceptual basis of population estimates see *Information Paper: Population Estimates: An Outline of The New Conceptual Basis of ABS Population Estimates* (3216.0). To coordinate with the new benchmarks, the labour force survey questionnaire was changed in October 1982 to enable identification of each respondent's place of usual residence. The estimates shown in this publication are based entirely on place of usual residence. Prior to October 1982, the estimates are based on a combination of place of enumeration and place of usual residence.
- 41. Until February 1978, surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964. From February 1978 the survey has been conducted on a monthly basis.
- 42. The questionnaire used in the survey for the collection of labour force data has been revised a number of times, the latest occasion being for the April 1986 survey. Details of these changes have been published in *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey* (6232.0) in March 1978, December 1981, August 1984 and June 1986.
- 43. The latest revision to the questionnaire, in April 1986, follows the extension of the definition of employed persons to include persons who worked without pay between 1 and 14 hours per week in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers). This new definition

aligns the Australian labour force concepts with a set of changed international definitions adopted by the 13th International Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1982.

- 44. Previously, such persons who worked 1 to 14 hours, or who had such a job but were not at work, were defined as either unemployed or not in the labour force, depending on whether they were actively looking for work. In order to assist users to assess the impact of the change, estimates for March 1986 based on the new definition were shown in footnotes to Tables 1 and 2 of the February, March and April 1987 issues of this publication.
- 45. A revised procedure for weighting families estimates, as presented in this publication, was also introduced in April 1986. Additional tables were included in the April 1986 issue of this publication to show the impact of this new procedure. Paragraph 75 contains more details.

Comparability of series

- 46. As noted in paragraphs 39 and 40, estimates from January 1984 have been revised to conform to revised population estimates following the 1986 Census of Population and Housing, and are thus not strictly comparable with estimates for periods prior to January 1984 which have not been revised.
- 47. Paragraph 32 outlines the definition of marital status now used in the labour force survey. A revision of estimates to take account of the new definition of marital status was applied back to February 1978. Consequently, estimates of marital status contained in this publication are not comparable with estimates published before the February 1984 issue which classified as married all respondents who reported that they were married or separated. The revision to the marital status classification was undertaken in two parts. First, for all surveys from February 1978, persons who reported that they were separated, were reclassified as not married. Second, from June 1983 onwards, the not-married category was expanded to also include persons who, although reported as married, did not have a spouse who was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey.
- 48. Comparability with estimates produced from the quarterly survey of employment and earnings is affected by the use of a different survey methodology and definitions. The labour force survey provides estimates of people in jobs whereas the survey of employment and earnings provides an estimate of the number of jobs held by wage and salary earners. A more detailed description of the differences between these two series is provided in Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates from the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings (6263.0).

Survey sample redesign

49. The LFS sample has been redesigned and reselected using information collected in the 1986 Census of Population and Housing. The new sample was phased in over the period September to December 1987. For details, see *In*-

formation Paper: Labour Force Survey — Sample Design (6269.0).

50. The sampling fraction differs for States and Territories. This enables estimates of reasonable accuracy to be produced for all States and Territories as well as for Australia. Sampling fractions for each State and Territory are as follows: New South Wales and Victoria, 1 in 230; Queensland, 1 in 160; Western Australia, South Australia, Northern Territory and Australian Capital Territory, 1 in 115; and Tasmania, 1 in 70.

Reliability of the estimates

- 51. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:
 - (a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical Note; and
 - (b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in coding and processing data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

Differences between population census and population survey estimates

- 52. The results of the 1986 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force figures derived from the census differ from estimates derived from the labour force surveys.
- 53. The broad concepts underlying the measures of the labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the census and the surveys. However there are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include under-enumeration in the population census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the labour force survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 38), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach adopted in the survey as opposed to selfenumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics (particularly the identification of unemployed persons) and differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or census.
- 54. The labour force survey provides detailed and up-todate estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia, States and regions, whereas the census of

population and housing provides counts for small areas but in less detail than is available from the survey.

55. These considerations should be borne in mind if comparisons are made between population census and labour force survey estimates.

Seasonal adjustment

- 56. Seasonally adjusted series are published in Tables 2 and 8. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.
- 57. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The latest review, in February 1989, revised the Australian and State seasonally adjusted and trend monthly series back to February 1978. Information about the method of adjustment and revised seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for all months since January 1983 for Australia and the States were published in the appendix of the February 1989 issue of this publication.
- 58. It is possible that the seasonality of employment, unemployment and the labour force participation has been affected by the changed pattern of school holidays in some States.
- 59. The impact of these changes on seasonally adjusted estimates of labour force characteristics cannot be assessed at this stage.

Trend estimation

- 60. Smoothing seasonally adjusted series produces a measure of trend by reducing the impact of the irregular component of the series. The trend estimates are derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to the respective seasonally adjusted series. These trend series are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. Tables 3 and 9 show trend estimates for the past 14 months, while the appendix to the February 1989 issue shows estimates for the six States and Australia back to January 1983. Trend series graphs are shown on pages 9 to 12. Data from February 1978 are available on the ABS on-line data dissemination service, AUSSTATS. The trend series of the participation rate for married females are based on smoothed population estimates.
- 61. While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced which include the latest month, it does result in revisions to the most recent months as additional observations become available. Generally, subsequent revisions become smaller, and after three months have a negligible impact on the series. There will also be revisions as a result of the annual review of seasonal factors mentioned above in paragraph 57.

62. Users may wish to refer to the ABS Information Papers A Guide to Smoothing Time Series — Estimates of 'Trend' (1316.0), and Time Series Decomposition — An Overview (1317.0) for more detailed information on producing trend estimates by smoothing seasonally adjusted time series data.

Month-to-month movements

63. Care should be taken in the interpretation of monthto-month movements in these estimates. Survey estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling variability as explained in paragraph 51. Particular care should be taken in the interpretation of the recent original and seasonally adjusted monthly movements as these may have been affected by the changed pattern of school holidays in some States. Trend estimates are expected to be relatively unaffected by these changes.

Gross flows

- 64. In order to minimise respondent burden and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one eighth of the dwellings in the sample (except the large non-private dwellings) are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven-eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.
- 65. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of *flows* between the different categories of the population and labour force.
- 66. The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey.
- 67. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table. About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.
- 68. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months.
- 69. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the magnitude of the movements between

categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.

- 70. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical Note. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical Note.
- 71. Estimates of total flows into or out of the employed category may be less than the sum of the estimates for employed full-time and employed part-time as the estimates for the latter two categories include movements between these two categories.

Labour force status and other characteristics of families

- 72. As a part of survey procedures, family relationships are determined each month, enabling both the estimation of persons cross-classified by their family status and the estimation of families. This publication contains tables showing the labour force status and family status of individuals and families classified by family type, number of family members, the labour force status of persons within families, the number of children aged 0-14 present and, from the May 1986 issue onwards, the number of dependents present.
- 73. Because of the coverage rules of the population survey which associate persons with particular dwellings so that each person has an equal chance of selection in the survey, persons who usually live with other members of their family may be enumerated, at the time of the survey, as not living with all the usual members of their family. This situation is more likely for persons who are enumerated as visitors to other private dwellings or as persons staying in non-private dwellings (hotels, caravan parks, hospitals, etc.). The determination of family structure and family characteristics in such cases is most difficult. Thus, family information is not obtained for the following persons:
 - (a) all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions); and
 - (b) persons enumerated as visitors to (rather than usual residents of) private dwellings.
- 74. In addition, in those private dwellings where it is not possible to obtain information relating to all the usual residents, no family information is recorded. Thus the family characteristics of persons living in families which include a member of the permanent defence forces, who is outside the scope of the population survey, are not determined because family information cannot be obtained from each usual resident. Similarly, families in which one or more members are away from the usual residence at the time of the survey are also excluded from family determination. A summary of those persons for whom family

information is obtained as well as those usual residents of private dwellings for whom complete family information cannot be obtained, and those persons specifically excluded from the family determination procedures is contained in the family tables. Generally, family status is determined for more than 90 per cent of all civilians aged 15 and over.

- 75. Estimates of the number of families in this publication differ from those in publications prior to the April 1986 issue. This is due to the adoption of a new weighting procedure where the weight for a family is determined using an average of the weights for all family members responding to the labour force survey. Previously, the weight used to derive estimates of the number of families was determined by nomination of a proxy 'head of household' as representative of the family.
- 76. Revised data for March 1986 using the new weighting procedure for families and the revised definition of employed persons were shown in the April 1986 issue of this publication. Revised data for March 1986 using the new weighting procedure for families and the old definition of employed persons as well as data using the old weighting procedure for families and the new definition for employed persons are available on request.

Additional data

77. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status of worker are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months:

Employed persons—
Industry and occupation—
Full-time and part-time workers
Status of worker
Age and birthplace
Hours worked
Industry by occupation
Industry subdivisions
Major and minor occupation groups.

78. In some cases, the ABS can also make available information which is not published. This information may be made available in one or more of the following forms: floppy disk, microfiche, photocopy, data tape, computer printout, manually-extracted tabulation. In general, a charge is made for providing unpublished information. Inquiries should be made to the officer whose name appears in the *Phone Inquiries* section at the front of this publication, or to Information Services in the nearest ABS office.

Semi-logarithmic graphs

79. Graphs on pages 9 and 10 have been drawn using a logarithmic vertical scale to facilitate comparisons of rates of growth in series of differing magnitude. Equal distances on the vertical scale (over equal time periods) indicate equal rates of growth for graphs on the same page.

Related publications

80. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, Australia: Historical Summary, 1966 to 1984 (6204.0)

The Labour Force, New South Wales (6201.1)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Victoria (6202.2)—issued quarterly

Information Paper, Victorian Labour Force Statistics (6262.2)

The Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, South Australia (6201.4)—issued quarterly

Labour Force Statistics, Tasmania 1985 (6201.6)

Monthly Summary of Statistics, Tasmania (1303.6)—issued monthly

Labour Statistics, Australia, 1986 (6101.0)—issued annually

A Guide to Labour Statistics (6102.0)

Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey, June 1986 (6232.0)

Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia (6248.0)—issued quarterly

Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia (6220.0)—issued annually

Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia, June 1988 (6224.0)—issued annually

Social Indicators No. 4, 1984 (4101.0)

Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates From the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings (6263.0)

A Guide to Smoothing Time Series — Estimates of 'Trend' (1316.0)

Time Series Decomposition — An Overview (1317.0)

Information Paper: Labour Force Survey — Sample Design (6269.0)

Information Paper: Labour Force Survey — Measuring Teenage Unemployment (6270.0)

81. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications*, *Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Publications Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

Unpublished statistics

82. As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. Inquiries should be made to the contact in the Phone Inquiries box at the front of this publication.

Symbols and other usages

- subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 6 of the Technical Note
- n.a. not available
 - not applicable
- n.e.c. not elsewhere classified
 - r revised

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83. Estimates have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

Electronic services

VIATEL. Key *656# for selected current economic, social and demographic statistics.

AUSSTATS. Thousands of up-to-date time series are available on this ABS on-line service through CSIRONET.

For further information phone the AUSSTATS Help Desk on (062) 52 6017.

TELESTATS. This service provides foreign trade statistics tailored to users' requirements.

Further information is available on (062) 52 5404.

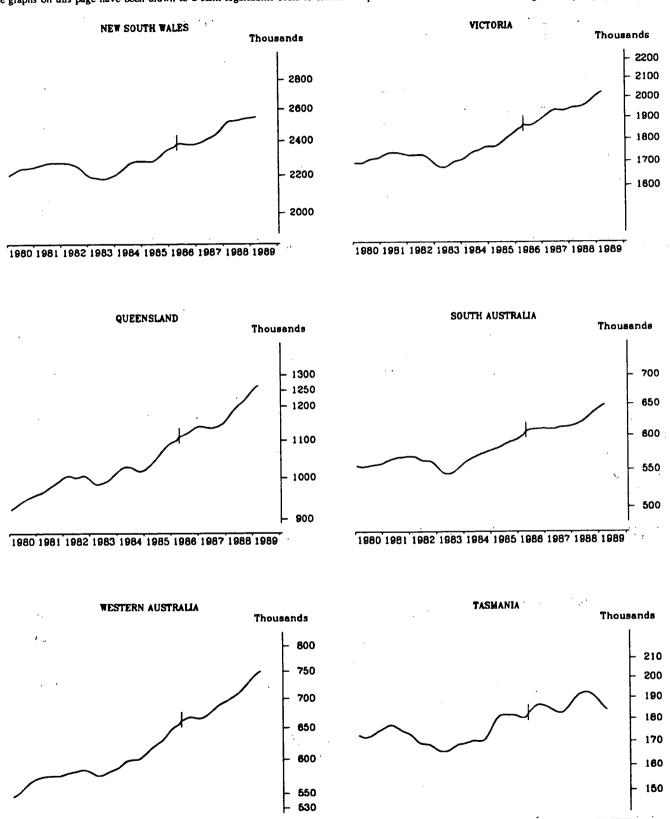
Floppy disk service

Selected ABS statistics are available on floppy disk. For further information phone (062) 52 6684.

IAN CASTLES Australian Statistician

EMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES

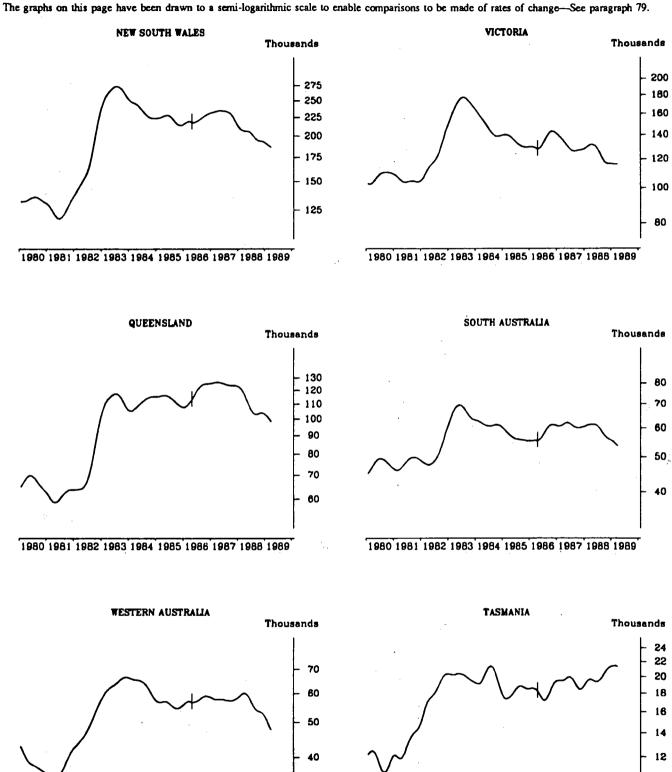
The graphs on this page have been drawn to a semi-logarithmic scale to enable comparisons to be made of rates of change—See paragraph 79.



Indicates break in series. Estimates for the period prior to April 1986 are based on the old definition. See paragraphs 43 and 44 of the Explanatory Notes.

1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1988 1987 1988 1989

UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES



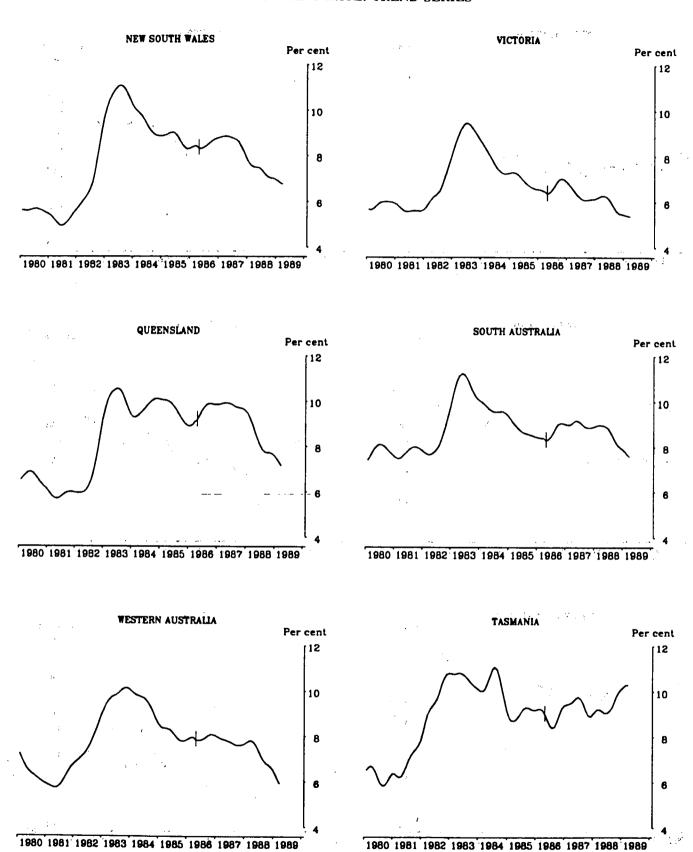
1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989

30

10

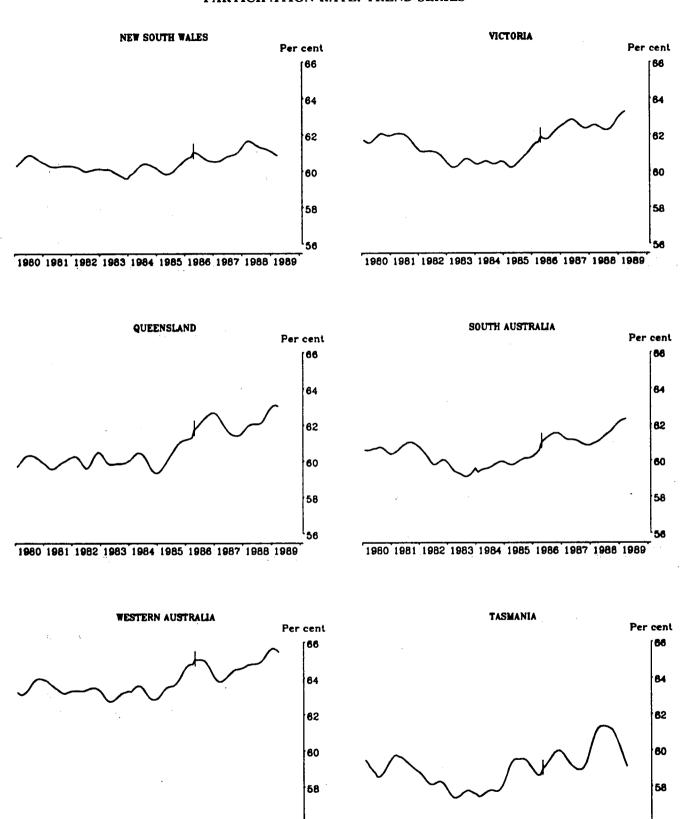
Indicates break in series. Estimates for the period prior to April 1986 are based on the old definition. See paragraphs 43 and 44 of the Explanatory Notes.

UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: TREND SERIES



Indicates break in series. Estimates for the period prior to April 1986 are based on the old definition. See paragraphs 43 and 44 of the Explanatory Notes.

PARTICIPATION RATE: TREND SERIES



1980 1981 1982 1983 1984 1985 1986 1987 1988 1989

Indicates break in series. Estimates for the period prior to April 1986 are based on the old definition. See paragraphs 43 and 44 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLES

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVIL) AN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

Unemployed

Looking	for
full-tir	ne work

		•	Looking for full-time w	ork							
Month	Employed Full-time workers		Aged 15-19 lcoking for first job		Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	Civilian popula- tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
	#01.KC18	10111	21102 300	-	'000		10100	10100	and over		r cent -
					MALES						
1988 - February March April May June July August September October November	4,072.3 4,093.0 4,095.3 4,079.0 4,098.6 4,121.2 4,076.4 4,133.4 4,151.7 4,136.9	4,362.7 4,420.2 4,417.3 4,393.8 4,418.4 4,423.8 4,382.1 4,457.5 4,461.9 4,469.7	33.2 25.3 23.8 24.0 19.1 22.6 19.0 22.9 19.5	319.8 304.0 303.5 293.9 287.9 278.3 279.9 280.0 255.9 244.0	36.2 41.9 46.9 35.2 28.3 21.7 25.8 29.8 29.9	356.0 345.9 350.4 329.1 316.2 300.0 305.7 309.8 285.8 270.8	4,718.7 4,766.2 4,767.7 4,722.9 4,734.6 4,723.8 4,687.8 4,767.4 4,747.7	1,539.3 1,503.7 1,512.5 1,567.7 1,566.3 1,587.6 1,633.9 1,564.6 1,595.4	6,258.0 6,269.9 6,280.2 6,290.5 6,301.0 6,311.4 6,321.7 6,332.0 6,354.1	7.5 7.3 7.0 6.7 6.4 6.5 6.5	75.4 76.0 75.9 75.1 75.1 74.8 74.2 75.3 74.8
December	4,206.6	4,532.1	35.2	272.8	38.5	311.3	4,843.4	1,521.8	6,365.1	6.4	76.1
January February March	4,147.0 4,204.3 4,196.5	4,455.4 4,513.3 4,530.7	36.4 28.5 15.2	296.1 286.9 257.4	37.8 39.6 36.5	333.8 326.6 293.9	4,789.2 4,839.9 4,824.6	1,587.1 1,547.5 1,574.1	6,376.3 6,387.4 6,398.6	7.0 6.7 6.1	75.1 75.8 75.4
			2			•					
Standard error of - March 1989											
estimates Feb 89 to Mar 89		19.1	1.8	6.5	2.7	6.8	19.5	13.1 9.8	••	0.1	0.3
movements	14.2	14.6	2.2	5.2	2.5	5.4	14.9	9.8	••	0.1	0.2
				MAR	RRIED FE	MALES					
1988 - February March April May June July August September October November December	949.8 969.5 959.0 954.2 960.6 975.5 958.8 991.2 1,010.9 1,005.9	1,737.2 1,804.0 1,795.1 1,804.1 1,818.7 1,805.4 1,820.7 1,866.5 1,844.6 1,865.4 1,869.8	* G.2 * 1.0 * 0.6 * 0.8 * 1.1 * 0.4 * 1.0 * 0.8 * 0.2 * 0.1	68.1 68.1 61.4 61.4 59.2 50.9 60.8 54.1 55.4 50.8	44.7 50.6 55.0 46.8 42.0 35.8 29.9 42.8 35.7 34.9	112.8 118.7 116.4 108.2 101.2 86.7 90.7 96.9 91.0 85.7 89.6	1,850.0 1,922.7 1,911.5 1,912.2 1,919.9 1,892.1 1,911.5 1,963.4 1,935.6 1,951.1	1,931.9 1,854.9 1,889.8 1,907.3 1,915.3 1,937.7 1,945.1 1,892.4 1,920.0 1,910.4	3,781.8 3,777.6 3,801.3 3,819.5 3,835.3 3,829.9 3,856.5 3,855.8 3,855.5 3,861.6 3,864.3	6.1 6.2 6.1 5.7 5.3 4.6 4.7 4.9 4.4	48.9 50.9 50.3 50.1 50.1 49.4 49.6 50.9 50.2 50.5
1989 - January Pebruary March	981.0 986.5 1,000.8	1,760.2 1,826.6 1,872.1	* 0.5 * 0.8 * 0.9	59.9 64.0 56.1	34.5 44.9 45.3	94.5 108.8 101.5	1,854.7 1,935.4 1,973.6	2,028.6 1,943.6 1,896.2	3,883.2 3,879.0 3,869.8	5.1 5.6 5.1	47.8 49.9 51.0
Standard error of - March 1989 estimates Feb 89 to Mar 89	11.1	14.0	0.4	3.3	3.0	4.3	14.2	14.0		0.2	0.4
movements	8.3	10.5	0.6	3.0	2.6	3.6	10.7	10.6	••	0.2	0.3

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER - continued

Unemployed
Looking for

		•	Looking for full-time w	ork							
	Employed		Aged 15-19 looking		Looking for part-			Not in	Civilian popula- tion	Ünemp-	Partici-
Month	Pull-time workers	Total	for first job	Total	time work	Total	Labour force	labour force	aged 15 and over	loyment rate	pation rate
				-	'000	-				- pe	r cent -
				A	LL FEMAL	ES			•		
1988 - February March April May	1,796.2 1,817.0 1,803.5 1,798.5	2,884.7 2,977.2 2,966.0 2,961.1 2,959.8	32.2 27.2 22.8 20.7 21.4	200.9 190.8 189.1 175.1 171.7	87.9 108.5 105.3 88.8 81.2	288.8 299.3 294.4 263.9 252.9	3,173.4 3,276.5 3,260.5 3,225.0 3,212.7	3,256.6 3,165.4 3,191.9 3,237.9 3,260.7	6,430.0 6,441.9 6,452.4 6,462.9 6,473.4	9.1 9.1 9.0 8.2 7.9	49.4 50.9 50.5 49.9 49.6
June July August September October	1,784.7 1,812.4 1,798.1 1,847.6 1,864.6	2,959.3 2,971.3 3,045.6 3,015.4	16.9 17.4 17.3 15.4 14.4	153.2 165.5 158.7 150.1 147.3	65.6 67.4 86.1 72.0 70.3	218.8 233.0 244.7 222.1 217.6	3,178.1 3,204.2 3,290.4 3,237.5 3,256.6	3,305.1 3,288.6 3,212.2 3,276.3 3,268.6	6,483.2 6,492.9 6,502.6 6,513.9 6,525.2	6.9 7.3 7.4 6.9 6.7	49.0 49.4 50.6 49.7 49.9
November December	1,855.6 1,896.7	3,039.0 3,090.8	30.4	169.6	82.4	252.0	3,342.9	3,193.7	6,536.5	7.5	51.1
1989 - January Pebruary March	1,868.3 1,872.4 1,885.0	2,969.5 3,056.4 3,107.6	33.6 32.7 19.8	181.1 184.7 159.2	77.4 86.9 93.2	258.6 271.5 252.4	3,228.1 3,327.9 3,360.0	3,320.0 3,231.8 3,211.3	6,548.1 6,559.7 6,571.3	8.0 8.2 7.5	49.3 50.7 51.1
Standard error of - March 1989	14.0	16.7	2.1	5.3	4.2	6.4	17.2	16.9		0.2	0.3
estimates Feb 89 to Mar 89 movements	14.0 10.5	12.6		4.4	3.4	5.1	13.0	12.8	•••	0.2	0.2
movemenca	1,01,5	2270		***							
					PERSON	s					
1988 - February March	5,868.5 5,910.0	7,247.4 7,397.4	65.4 52.5	520.7 494.8	124.0 150.4	644.8 645.2	7,892.1 8,042.7	4,795.9	12,688.0	8.2 8.0 8.0	62.2 63.3 63.1
April May June July August	5,898.8 5,877.4 5,883.3 5,933.6 5,874.6	7,383.4 7,354.9 7,378.3 7,383.1 7,353.4	46.6 44.8 40.5 39.5 36.3	492.6 469.0 459.6 431.5 445.4	152.2 124.0 109.5 87.3 93.3	644.8 593.0 569.1 518.8 538.7	8,028.2 7,947.9 7,947.3 7,901.8 7,892.1	4,704.4 4,805.5 4,827.0 4,892.7 4,922.5	12,732.6 12,753.4 12,774.3 12,794.6 12,814.5	7.5 7.2 6.6 6.8	62.3 62.2 61.8 61.6
September October November December	5,981.0 6,016.3 5,992.6 6,103.3	7,503.2 7,477.3 7,508.7 7,622.9	40.3 34.9 34.3 65.6	438.7 406.0 391.3 442.4	115.9 101.9 97.1 120.9	554.6 507.9 488.4 563.3	8,057.7 7,985.2 7,997.1 8,186.2	4,776.8 4,871.7 4,882.2 4,715.4	12,834.5 12,856.9 12,879.3 12,901.7	6.9 6.4 6.1 6.9	62.8 62.1 62.1 63.5
1989 - January February March	6,015.3 6,076.8 6,081.4	7,424.9 7,569.7 7,638.3	70.0 61.2 34.9	477.2 471.6 416.6	115.2 126.5 129.6	592.4 598.1 546.3	8,017.3 8,167.8 8,184.5	4,907.1 4,779.3 4,785.4	12,924.4 12,947.1 12,969.9	7.4 7.3 6.7	62.0 63.1 63.1
Standard error of - March 1989	23. 1	22.2	2.7	7.9	4.8	8.7	23.3	19.4	••	0.1	. 0.2
estimates Feb 89 to Mar 89	21.1	22.7	2.7	6.2		6.8	18.2		•••	0.1	0.1
movements	16.2	17.7	2.9	0.2	3.6	0.0	10.2		••	•••	

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

			Unemployed						
			Looking for full-time work						
	Employed		Aged 15-19 looking	••••	Looking for			Unemp-	Partici-
Month	Full-time workers	Totāl	for first job	Total	part-time work	Total	Labour force	loyment rate	pation rate
	·			-	'C00 -			- per	cent -
				MALES				·	
Pebruary March April May June July August September October November December	4,059.4 4,076.7 4,107.0 4,086.5 4,107.8 4,112.6 4,115.1 4,125.4 4,148.4 4,147.5 4,160.3	4,372.5 4,393.3 4,415.5 4,396.2 4,421.3 4,421.3 4,424.2 4,442.8 4,460.8 4,469.9 4,482.5	24.9 25.3 26.5 26.7 25.2 26.2 23.7 26.0 24.6 25.4	299.2 296.5 307.8 294.1 292.3 282.8 283.9 280.7 272.6 261.4 271.8	36.1 35.1 44.2 35.1 31.2 26.4 27.9 29.7 33.1 31.7 32.2	335.3 331.5 352.0 329.2 323.5 309.2 311.9 310.4 305.6 293.1	4,707.8 4,724.8 4,767.5 4,725.4 4,745.4 4,730.5 4,736.1 4,753.3 4,766.4 4,762.9 4,786.5	7.1 7.0 7.4 7.0 6.8 6.5 6.6 6.5 6.4 6.2	75.2 75.4 75.9 75.1 75.3 75.0 74.9 75.1 75.1 75.0 75.2
1989 - January Pebruary March	4,164.4 4,190.3 4,179.9	4,494.2 4,523.8 4,502.5	24.2 21.4 15.2	272.3 269.0 251.0	33.3 39.4 30.4	305.6 308.4 281.3	4,799.8 4,832.3 4,783.9	6.4 6.4 5.9	75.3 75.7 74.8
			MA	RRIED FEMAL	ES				
1988 - February March April May June July August September October November December	956.2 963.7 962.7 960.1 971.8 971.1 976.9 984.8 996.8 998.7	1,768.3 1,779.8 1,790.7 1,794.8 1,807.9 1,790.1 1,828.8 1,845.3 1,835.9 1,837.9	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	59.3 59.8 56.7 58.6 59.8 54.9 60.9 56.5 58.9 57.4	39.8 40.4 47.6 43.7 41.0 37.6 33.1 39.6 36.5 38.5 40.9	99.1 100.2 104.3 102.4 100.8 92.5 93.9 96.1 95.4 95.9	1,867.4 1,880.9 1,894.9 1,897.2 1,908.7 1,882.6 1,922.7 1,941.5 1,931.4 1,933.8 1,954.4	5.3 5.5 5.4 5.3 4.9 5.0 4.9 5.0	49.4 49.8 49.7 49.8 49.2 49.9 50.4 50.1 50.6
1989 - January Pebruary March	984.3 993.1 994.6	1,859.8 1,859.5 1,846.9	n.a. n.a. n.a.	62.2 55.6 49.4	49.9 39.9 36.2	112.0 95.5 85.6	1,971.8 1,955.0 1,932.5	5.7 4.9 4.4	50.8 50.4 49.9
			i	ALL FEMALES					
1988 - February March April May June July August September October November December	1,792.0 1,802.5 1,801.4 1,806.1 1,807.5 1,813.5 1,830.8 1,846.6 1,858.0 1,856.2 1,856.5	2,919.3 2,938.7 2,949.7 2,951.7 2,958.9 2,958.0 3,023.0 3,004.3 3,013.7 3,048.6	24.4 25.5 24.6 23.1 24.8 21.2 21.2 21.1 19.6 18.9 21.5	177.5 175.6 181.3 175.2 175.0 163.5 174.7 167.9 166.0 163.9 164.6	80.9 85.9 89.5 86.6 84.1 68.3 76.5 80.8 76.8 80.1	258.3 261.4 270.7 261.9 259.0 231.8 251.2 248.6 242.8 244.0 252.1	3,177.7 3,200.3 3,220.4 3,213.6 3,190.0 3,249.2 3,271.6 3,247.7 3,247.7	8.1 8.4 8.1 8.0 7.3 7.7 7.6 7.5 7.5	49.4 49.7 49.7 49.7 49.2 50.0 50.3 49.8 49.9
1989 - January February March	1,861.1 1,867.9 1,869.7	3,078.8 3,094.0 3,067.4	21.9 24.9 18.6	165.2 163.1 146.5	94.8 79.9 73.6	260.0 242.9 220.2	3,338.8 3,336.9 3,287.6	7.8 7.3 6.7	51.0 50.9 50.0
				PERSONS					
1988 - February March April May June July August September October November December	5,851.4 5,879.2 5,908.4 5,892.6 5,915.4 5,926.1 5,945.8 5,972.0 6,006.4 6,003.6 6,026.8	7,291.9 7,332.1 7,365.1 7,347.9 7,380.8 7,379.5 7,422.2 7,465.8 7,465.8 7,463.6 7,531.2	49.3 50.8 51.1 49.8 50.0 47.4 44.9 47.2 44.3 45.2	476.6 472.1 489.1 469.3 467.3 446.3 458.6 448.6 438.5 438.5 436.4	117.0 120.9 133.7 121.7 115.3 94.7 104.4 110.5 109.9	593.6 593.0 622.7 591.0 582.6 541.0 563.0 559.1 548.4 537.1 556.1	7,885.5 7,925.1 7,987.8 7,938.9 7,963.4 7,920.5 7,985.2 8,024.9 8,013.4 8,020.7 8,087.2	7.5 7.5 7.8 7.4 7.3 6.8 7.1 7.0 6.8 6.7	62.1 62.3 62.7 62.2 62.3 61.9 62.3 62.5 62.3
1989 - January February March	6,025.4 6,058.2 6,049.6	7,573.0 7,617.8 7,569.9	46.1 46.3 33.8	437.5 432.1 397.5	128.] 119.3 104.0	565.6 551.4 501.5	8,138.6 8,169.2 8,071.4	6.9 6.7 6.2	63.0 63.1 62.2

TABLE 3. CIVILIAN LAEGUR FORCE: TREND SERIES

Unemployed Looking for full-time work

	Employed		Aged 15-19 looking		Looking for			Unemp-	Partici-
Month	Full-time workers	Total	looking for first job	pa Total	rt-time work	Total	Labour force	loyment rate	pation rate
			•	_ •	000 -			- per ce	ent -
				MALES				٠.	
1988 - February March April May June July August September r October r November r	4,063.3 4,079.2 4,090.7 4,098.6 4,105.1 4,112.3 4,120.2 4,129.2 4,139.7 4,150.3 4,160.4	4,378.0 4,393.4 4,403.3 4,409.6 4,415.7 4,422.7 4,431.7 4,443.0 4,456.7 4,470.8 4,484.2	26.5 26.1 25.8 25.7 25.7 25.5 25.4 25.3 25.2 24.7	304.4 300.7 297.7 295.2 291.7 287.0 281.7 277.1 273.8 271.2 268.8	36.4 36.9 36.4 34.8 32.5 30.4 29.2 29.3 30.6 32.2 33.3	340.8 337.6 334.1 329.9 324.2 317.4 310.9 306.5 304.4 303.4	4,718.8 4,731.0 4,737.4 4,739.4 4,740.2 4,742.7 4,749.5 4,761.0 4,774.2 4,786.3	7.1 7.0	75.4 75.5 75.4 75.3 75.2 75.1 75.0 75.1 75.1
1989 - January r Pebruary r March	4,169.7 4,177.8 4,183.9	4,496.2 4,506.1 4,513.1	22.4 20.8 19.2	266.3 263.6 261.2	33.9 34.3 34.4	300.2 297.9 295.6	4,796.3 4,804.0 4,808.7	6.3 6.2 6.1	
110.1011	4,2000			FEMALES (a)					
1988 - February March April May June July August September r October r November r December r	954.6 959.9 963.3 965.8 968.6 973.6 980.1 986.7 991.8 994.6	1,766.7 1,778.7 1,787.9 1,795.7 1,803.4 1,812.0 1,821.5 1,831.0 1,839.7 1,846.3 1,850.7	n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	60.6 59.8 58.9 58.2 57.9 57.8 58.0 58.3 58.7 58.7	42.3 43.0 42.9 42.1 40.6 38.7 37.2 37.1 38.2 39.9 41.2	102.8 102.8 101.9 100.3 98.4 96.5 95.2 95.4 96.9 98.7 99.5	1,869.5 1,881.6 1,889.7 1,896.0 1,901.8 1,908.5 1,916.7 1,926.5 1,936.6 1,944.9 1,950.2	5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 5.0 5.0 5.0	49.5 49.7 49.7 49.7 49.7 49.8 50.2 50.2
1989 - January r Pebruary r March	995.3 994.6 993.5	1,853.7 1,855.3 1,856.1	n.a. n.a. n.a.	57.4 56.0 54.8	41.7 41.7 41.1	99.1 97.8 95.8	1,952.8 1,953.1 1,951.9	5.1 5.0 4.9	50.4 50.4 50.3
			AL:	L FEMALES					
1988 - February March April May June July August September r October r November r December r	1,794.7 1,799.5 1,802.5 1,805.9 1,811.5 1,820.4 1,831.1 1,842.0 1,851.4 1,858.1 1,862.4		25.4 24.9 24.4 23.8 23.1 22.2 21.2 20.5 20.6 21.0		83.7 85.1 85.0 83.5 81.0 78.3 76.8 77.5 80.0 82.7	265.7 264.6 262.0 258.4 254.0 249.4 246.1 245.5 247.0 248.5 248.2	3,192.5 3,201.7 3,207.1 3,211.7 3,2124.1 3,233.2 3,246.5 3,263.8 3,281.4 3,296.6	8.3 8.2 8.0 7.9 7.7 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.5	49.7 49.7 49.7 49.7 49.7 49.8 49.9 50.1 50.3
1989 - January r February r March	1,865.5 1,867.9 1,869.2	3,062.9 3,075.1 3,084.4	21.4 21.6 21.7	161.5 158.6 156.2	84.3 83.4 81.9	245.8 242.0 238.1	3,308.7 3,317.1 3,322.5	7.4 7.3 7.2	50.5 50.6 50.6
			P	ERSONS					
1988 - February March April May June July August September r October r November r December r	5,857.9 5,878.7 5,893.2 5,904.5 5,916.5 5,932.7 5,951.2 5,971.2 5,991.1 6,008.4 6,022.8	7,304.9 7,330.4 7,348.3 7,362.9 7,378.4 7,418.8 7,444.0 7,473.4 7,503.7 7,532.7	51.9 51.0 50.2 49.5 48.8 47.7 46.6 45.8 45.5 45.3	486.3 480.2 474.8 470.0 464.6 458.1 451.0 445.1 440.8 437.1 432.7	120.1 122.0 121.4 118.3 113.5 108.7 106.0 106.9 110.6 114.8	606.4 602.3 596.2 588.4 578.1 566.8 557.0 552.0 551.4 551.9	7,911.3 7,932.7 7,944.5 7,951.2 7,956.6 7,964.2 7,975.8 7,996.0 8,024.8 8,055.6 8,082.8	7.7 7.6 7.5 7.4 7.3 7.1 7.0 6.9 6.9 6.8	62.4 62.4 62.3 62.3 62.2 62.2 62.2 62.3 62.4 62.5
1989 - January r February r March	6,035.2 6,045.7 6,053.1	7,559.0 7,581.2 7,597.6	43.7 42.4 40.8	427.8 422.2 417.4	118.2 117.7 116.3	546.0 539.9 533.7	8,105.0 8,121.1 8,131.3	6.7 6.6 6.6	62.7 62.7 62.7

⁽a) See Explanatory Notes, Paragraph 60

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: MARITAL STATUS, MARCH 1989

	Pmploud	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployed				Civilian popula-				
·	Pull-time		Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate		
			•	- '000	-				~ pe	- per cent -		
Males Married Not married	4,196.5 2,804.8 1,391.7	4,530.7 2,927.9 1,602.8	257.4 116.2 141.3	36.5 7.1 29.4	293.9 123.2 170.7	4,824.6 3,051.1 1,773.4	1,574.1 874.6 699.5	6,398.6 3,925.7 2,472.9	6.1 4.0 9.6	75.4 77.7 71.7		
Pemales Married Not married	1,885.0 1,000.8 884.1	3,107.6 1,872.1 1,235.4	159.2 56.1 103.1	93.2 45.3 47.8	252.4 101.5 150.9	3,360.0 1,973.6 1,386.3	3,211.3 1,896.2 1,315.1	6,571.3 3,869.8 2,701.5	7.5 5.1 10.9	51.1 51.0 51.3		
Persons	6,081.4	7,638.3	416.6	129.6	546.3	8,184.5	4,785.4	12,969.9	6.7	63.1		

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATES AND TERRITORIES, MARCH 1989

	Employed		Unemployed					Civilian popula-		
State or Territory	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				- '000	-				- pe	r cent -
			•						•	
				МА	LES					
New South Wales	1,407.9	1,518.0	96.3	9.6	105.9	1,623.9	573.1	2,197.0	6.5	73.9
Victoria	1,104.2	1,191.3	49.4	10.0	59.3	1,250.6	400.9	1,651.4	4.7	75.7
Queensland	699.8	754.1	47.3	7.2	54.5	808.7	256.0	1,064.6	6.7	76.0
South Australia	349.3	382.0	27.1	3.2	30.3	412.4	139.3	551.7	7.4	74.7
Western Australia	415.9	447.4	21.2	4.3	25.5	472.9	134.0	606.8	5.4	77.9
Tasmania	105.5	114.6	10.9	* 0.4	11.3	125.9	43.7	169.6	9.0	74.2
Northern Territory	45.8	47.5	2.4	* 0.4	2.9	50.4	7.8	58.2	5.7	86.6
Australian Capital										
Territory	68.1	75.8	2.8	* 1.3	4.2	80.0	19.3	99.3	5.2	80.6
Australia	4,196.5	4,530.7	257.4	36.5	293.9	4,824.6	1,574.1	6,398.6	6.1	75.4
				FEM	ALES					
New South Wales	662.4	1,036.5	53.9	33.6	87.5	1,124.0	1,145.6	2,269.6	7.8	49.5
Victoria	511.4	834.5	35.4	22.4	57.8	892.3	819.1	1,711.4	6.5	52.1
Oueensland	294.3	500.9	29.4	16.1	45.5	546.4	538.3	1,084.6	8.3	50.4
South Australia	149.3	272.8	14.1	6.0	20.2	292.9	275.9	568.8	6.9	51.5
Western Australia	168.4	296.2	14.4	9.6	24.0	320.3	284.4	604.7	7.5	53.0
Tasmania	36.1	69.9		3.0	9.9	79.8	95.6	175.5	12.4	45.5
Northern Territory	21.2	30.9	3.1	* 0.1	3.2	34.1	18.7	52.8	9.5	64.5
Australian Capital		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				0	2007	52.00		01.5
Territory	41.7	65.9	1.9	2.4	4.3	70.2	33.6	103.9	6.1	67.6
Australia	1,885.0	3,107.6	159.2	93.2	252.4	3,360.0	3,211.3	6,571.3	7.5	51.1
				PER	SONS					
New South Wales	2,070.3	2,554.5	150.2	43.1	193.3	2,747.9	1,718.8	4,466.6	7.0	61.5
Victoria	1,615.6	. 2,025.7	84.8	32.4	117.1	2,142.8	1,220.0	3,362.8	5.5	63.7
Queensland	994.1	1,255.1	76.7	23.2	100.0	1,355.0	794.2	2,149.3	7.4	63.0
South Australia	498.6	654.8	41.2	9.3	50.5	705.3	415.2	1,120.5	7.2	62.9
Western Australia	584.4	743.6	35.6	14.0	49.5	793.1	418.4	1,211.5	6.2	65.5
Tasmania	141.7	184.5	17.8	3.4	21.2	205.7	139.4	345.1	10.3	59.6
Northern Territory	67.0	78.3	5.5	* 0.6	6.1	84.5	26.5	111.0	7.2	76.1
Australian Capital Territory	109.7	141.7	4.7	3.7	8.5	150.2	52.9	203.1	5.6	74.0
Australia	6,081.4	7,638.3	416.6	129.6	546.3	8,184.5	4,785.4	12,969.9	6.7	63.1

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATE CAPITAL CITIES(a), NARCH 1989

	Employed		Unemployed	l 			Civilian popula-			
Capital city	Pull-time Workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				- '000	-				- pe	r cent -
				ма	LES					
Sydney	903.2	975.1	50.9	6.2	57.1	1,032.2	359.1	1,391.4	5.5	74.2
Melbourne Brisbane	791.6 321.4	855.5 346.7	32.4 17.8	6.9 3.9	39.3 21.7	894.8 368.4	279.1 111.3	1,174.0 479.6	4.4 5.9	76.2 76.8
Adelaide	249.7	271.9	18.8	2.5	21.3	293.2	107.4	400.5	7.3	73.2
Perth	288.3	312.8	14.2	4.0	18.3	331.0	103.6	434.6	5.5	76.2
Hobart	40.7	44.2	4.0	* 0.4	4.4	48.6	19.1	67.7	9.0	71.8
Total	2,594.9	2,806.2	138.1	23.9	162.0	2,968.2	979.6	3,947.8	5.5	75.2
				FEM	ALES					
Sydney	469.8	695.1	31.7	19.2	51.0	746.1	705.1	1,451.1	6.8	51.4
Melbourne	391.8	613.2	20.4	16.0	36.4	649.6	575.2	1,224.8	5.6	53.0
Brisbane	148.6	239.7	13.8	9.8	23.6	263.3	245.8	509.1	9.0	51.7
Adelaide	112.8	202.9	10.8	4.7	15.4	218.4	205.8	424.2	7.1	51.5
Perth	128.8	221.8	9.4	8.3	17.7	239.5	213.8	453.3	7.4	52.8
Hobart	16.8	31.3	2.2	* 1.2	3.5	34.8	37.3	72.1	9.9	48.2
Total	1,268.6	2,003.9	88.4	59.3	147.7	2,151.6	1,983.1	4,134.7	6.9	52.0
				PEF	RSONS					
Sydney	1,373.1	1,670.2	82.6	25.5	108.1	1,778.3	1,064.2	2,842.5	6.1	62.6
Melbourne	1,183.3	1,468.7	52.9	22.9	75.8	1,544.4	854.3	2,398.8	4.9	64.4
Brisbane	470.0	586.4	31.6	13.7	45.3	631.7	357.1	988.7	7.2	63.9
Adelaide	362.5	474.8	29.5	7.2	36.7	511.5	313.2	824.7	7.2	62.0
Perth	417.2	534.5 75.5	23.6 6.2	12.4 1.6	36.0 7.8	570.5 83.4	317.4 56.5	888.0 139.8	6.3 9.4	64.3 59.6
Hobart	57.5	/3.3	0.2	1.0	7.8	03.4	30.5	137.0	3.4	33.0
Total	3,863.5	4,810.1	226.5	83.2	309.7	5,119.8	2,962.7	8,082.5	6.0	63.3

⁽a) Consists of capital city statistical divisions. See Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, MARCH 1989

				Persons			
		Pemales		Aged	Aged	Aged 25 and	
	Males	Married	Total	15-19	20-24	over	Total
				- '000 -	٠		
Employed Full-time workers Part-time workers	75.8 68.1 7.8	38.2 22.6 15.6	65.9 41.7 24.3	14.1 6.2 7.9	19.9 15.6 4.4	107.7 88.0 19.7	141.7 109.7 32.0
Unemployed Looking for full-time work Looking for part-time work	4.2 2.8 * 1.3	1.6 * 0.9 * 0.8	4.3 1.9 2.4	2.7 * 0.6 2.1	2.0 * 1.0 * 1.0	3.7 3.1 * 0.6	8.5 4.7 3.7
Labour force	80.0	39.8	70.2	16.9	21.9	111.5	150.2
Not in labour force Aged 15-19 attending school(a)	19.3 2.8	18.7 * 0.1	33.6 2.9	8.7 5.7	3.9	40.4	52.9 5.7
Civilian population	99.3	58.6	103.9	25.5	25.8	151.8	203.1
			-	per cent -			
Unemployment rate Looking for full-time work Participation rate Employment/population ratio	5.2 4.0 80.6 76.4	4.1 * 3.8 68.1 65.3	6.1 4.3 67.6 63.5	16.2 * 8.7 66.1 55.4	9.1 * 6.2 85.0 77.2	3.4 3.4 73.4 70.9	5.6 4.1 74.0 69.8
				- number -			
Average weekly hours worked by employed persons	38.5	28.8	29.6	22.4	32.8	36.2	34.3
Average duration of unemployment (weeks)	38.6	* 5.7	11.8	13.0	* 17.5	37.8	25.0

⁽a) Excludes persons in institutions such as hospitals, gaols, sanatoriums, etc. See Explanatory Notes.

			Males				Pem	ales			Persons				
	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
Month		- '000 -		- per	cent -		- '000 -		- per	cent -		- '000 -		- per	cent -
							NEW SOUTH WAL	ES							
1988 -	* .		,										•		
February March	1,493.7 1,501.1	109.5 117.1	1,603.3	6.8 7.2	74.3 74.8	1,002.5 1,011.7	82.8 83.9	1,085.2	7.6 7.7	48.7 49.0	2,496.2 2,512.8	192.3 201.0	2,688.5 2,713.9	7.2 7.4	61.3 61.7
April May	1,499.1 1,489.3	126.5 116.6	1,625.6 1,606.0	7.8 7.3	75.1 74.1	1,016.1	92.2 87.6	1,108.3	8.3 8.0	49.5 48.9	2,515.2 2,496.8	218.7 204.2	2,733.9 2,701.0	8.0 7.6	62.1 61.3
June July	1,501.3 1,499.7	114.3 113.2	1,615.6	7.1 7.0	74.4 74.2	1,008.2 1,010.9	87.3 75.3	1,095.5 1,086.3	8.0 6.9	48.8 48.4	2,509.5 2,510.6	201.6 188.6	2,711.1 2,699.2	7.4 7.0	61.4 61.1
August September	1,504.1 1,498.5	114.2 113.6	1,618.3 1,612.0	7.1 7.0	74.3 74.0	1,024.6 1,019.7	82.1 80.7	1,106.7 1,100.5	7.4 7.3	49.2 48.9	2,528.7 2,518.2	196.3 194.3	2,725.1 2,712.5	7.2 7.2	61.6 61.2
October November	1,510.0 1,508.8	109.7 103.5	1,619.7 1,612.3	6.8 6.4	74.2 73.8	1,023.1 1,014.0	79.1 81.9	1,102.3 1,095.9	7.2 7.5	48.9 48.6	2,533.1 2,522.8	188.9 185.4	2,722.0 2,708.2	6.9 6.8	61.4 61.0
December	1,506.4	110.2	1,616.7	6.8	73.9	1,014.6	83.1	1,097.7	7.6	48.6	2,521.1	193.4	2,714.4	7.1	61.0
1989 - January February	1,505.3 1,515.7	113.0 106.5	1,618.3 1,622.1	7.0	73.9	1,026.4	82.1	1,108.6	7.4	49.0	2,531.7	195.1	2,726.8	7.2	61.2
Harch	1,505.6	101.9	1,607.5	6.6 6.3	73.9 73.2	1,032.2	74.5	1,106.7 1,098.4	6.7 7.0	48.8 48.4	2,547.8 2,526.6	181.0 179.3	2,728.8 2,705.8	6.6 6.6	61.2 60.6
							VICTORIA								
1988 -															
February March	1,157.5 1,158.5	66.8 64.5	1,224.3	5.5 5.3	75.5 75.3	775.9 778.2	58.6 61.6	834.5 839.8	7.0 7.3	49.6 49.9	1,933.4 1,936.7	125.4 126.2	2,058.9	6.1 6.1	62.3 62.4
April May	1,173.8 1,160.5	70.4 67.0	1,244.2	5.7 5.5	76.5 75.4	777.9 775.8	65.3 66.2	843.2 842.0	7.7 7.9	50.0 49.9	1,951.7 1,936.3	135.7 133.2	2,087.4	6.5 6.4	63.0 62.4
June July	1,163.1	62.9 60.4	1,225.9	5.1 4.9	75.2 74.8	784.0 777.2	64.7 54.3	848.7 831.5	7.6 6.5	50.2 49.1	1,947.1 1,938.5	127.6 114.7	2,074.6 2,053.3	6.1 5.6	62.5 61.7
August September	1,145.2	59.5 57.6	1,204.8	4.9 4.7	73.7 74.4	794.6 807.3	63.4 59.6	858.0 866.9	7.4 6.9	50.6 51.1	1,939.8	123.0 117.2	2,062.8	6.0 5.6	61.9 62.6
October November December	1,164.8 1,170.2 1,171.9	61.0 55.1	1,225.8 1,225.2 1,230.4	5.0 4.5	74.8 74.6	797.1 815.8	55.9 53.6	853.0 869.4	6.6 6.2	50.2 51.1	1,961.8	117.0 108.7	2,078.8	5.6 5.2	62.3 62.6 63.1
1939 -	1,1/1.9	58.6	1,230.4	4.8	74.8	826.5	55.9	882.4	6.3	51.8	1,998.4	114.5	2,112.9	5.4	63.1
January February	1,167.6 1,185.6	58.9 63.4	1,226.5	4.8 5.1	74.5 75.7	822.3 833.0	57.7 60.1	880.0 893.1	6.6 6.7	51.6 52.3	1,989.9 2,018.7	116.5 123.5	2,106.4	5.5 5.8	62.8 63.8
March	1,183.4	57.4	1,240.8	4.6	75.1	827.0	49.5	876.4	5.6	51.2	2,010.4	106.9	2,117.2	5.0	63.0
							QUEENSLAND								
1988 - February	704.8	66.5	771.3	8.6	75.1	456.4	48.4	504.8	9.6	48.2	1,161.2	114.9	1,276.1	9.0	61.6
March April	715.4 721.7	64.5 64.7	779.8 786.4	8.3 8.2	75.8 76.2	458.6 462.8	51.4 51.7	510.0 514.4	10.1	48.6 48.9	1,174.0	115.8 116.3	1,289.9	9.0 8.9	62.0 62.4
May June	726.1 724.9	56.9 58.6	782.9 783.4	7.3 7.5	75.7 75.5	467.8 465.2	48.1 47.8	515.9 513.0	9.3	48.9 48.5	1,193.8	104.9 106.3	1,298.8	8.1 8.2	62.2 61.9
July August	730.4 730.1	55.5 57.1	786.0 787.2	7.1 7.3	75.6 75.5	471.2 474.1	40.9 43.3	512.1 517.4	8.0 8.4	48.3 48.7	1,201.7	96.4 100.4	1,298.1	7.4 7.7	61.8 61.9
September October	737.7 744.0	60.8 53.6	798.5 797.6	7.6 6.7	76.3 76.0	478.0 480.0	47.9 46.3	525.8 526.3	9.1 8.8	49.3 49.2	1,215.7	108.7	1,324.4	8.2 7.5	62.7 62.5
November December	747.7 750.5	55.0 55.8	802.6 806.2	6.8 6.9	76.3 76.4	473.9 490.5	45.4 46.3	519.3 536.7	8.7 8.6	48.4 49.9	1,221.6	100.3 102.0	1,321.9	7.6 7.6	62.2 63.0
1989 -		^	010.6												
January Pebruary March	754.7 756.5 752.6	55.8 57.2 50.7	810.6 813.8 803.3	6.9 7.0	76.6 76.7	502.1 499.4	49.3 44.1	551.4 543.5	8.9 8.1	51.1 50.3	1,256.8	105.1 101.3	1,361.9	7.7 7.5	63.7 63.3
nated	/32.0	50.7	903.3	6.3	75.5	498.7	39.5	538.3	7.3	49.6	1,251.4	90.3	1,341.6	6.7	62.4

Pemales

Males

114.0

Persons

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: TREND SERIES

			Males	:			Fem	ales		·		P	ersons		
Month		Unemployed	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation . rate	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
Houch	•	- '000 -		- per	cent -		- '000' -		- per	cent -		- '000 -	•	- per	cent -
	•						NEW SOUTH WALL	ES							
1988 - Pebruary March April May June July August September r October r November r December r	1,495.1 1,497.8 1,498.5 1,498.4 1,499.8 1,501.8 1,503.9 1,505.8 1,507.0	117.3 116.9 117.2 117.4 116.7 115.0 112.9 111.2 110.2 109.5 108.6	1,612.5 1,614.7 1,615.5 1,615.0 1,614.7 1,614.6 1,616.0 1,616.0 1,616.5	7.3 7.2 7.3 7.2 7.1 7.0 6.9 6.8 6.8	74.7 74.6 74.5 74.4 74.3 74.2 74.1 74.0 73.9	1,004.7 1,009.5 1,011.5 1,012.3 1,015.0 1,016.8 1,018.1 1,019.4 1,020.3 1,021.2	87.2 86.6 86.2 85.6 84.3 82.6 81.1 80.5 80.7	1,092.0 1,096.1 1,097.7 1,097.6 1,097.6 1,097.6 1,097.1 1,100.1 1,101.2	8.0 7.9 7.8 7.7 7.5 7.4 7.3 7.4 7.3	49.0 49.1 49.1 49.0 48.9 48.8 48.8 48.8	2,499.9 2,507.3 2,510.0 2,510.5 2,511.6 2,514.8 2,518.5 2,522.0 2,525.1 2,527.3 2,527.3	204.5 203.6 203.4 203.0 201.0 197.5 194.0 191.7 190.9 190.4 189.3	2,704.4 2,710.8 2,713.4 2,713.4 2,712.6 2,712.3 2,712.5 2,713.7 2,716.1 2,717.7 2,718.4	7.6 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.4 7.3 7.2 7.1 7.0 7.0	61.6 61.7 61.6 61.5 61.4 61.4 61.3 61.2 61.2
1989 - January r Pebruary r March	1,508.8 1,509.2 1,509.6	107.7 106.6 105.7	1,616.4 1,615.9 1,615.3	6.7 6.6 6.5	73.8 73.6 73.5	1,022.5 1,023.9 1,025.4	79.9 78.8 77.9	1,102.4 1,102.6 1,103.3	7.2 7.1 7.1	48.7 48.7 48.6	2,531.3 2,533.1 2,535.0	187.5 185.4 183.6	2,718.8 2,718.5 2,718.6	6.9 6.8 6.8	61.0 60.9 60.9
							VICTORIA								
1988 - Pebruary March April Hay June July August September r October r November r December r	1,158.8 1,160.9 1,161.4 1,161.3 1,161.0 1,161.8 1,162.8 1,164.8 1,167.8	67.5 67.2 66.4 65.3 63.7 61.8 59.9 58.5 58.1 58.3	1,226.3 1,228.1 1,227.9 1,226.6 1,224.7 1,223.0 1,221.7 1,221.3 1,222.9 1,236.2	5.5 5.5 5.4 5.3 5.2 5.1 4.9 4.8 4.8	75.6 75.6 75.5 75.3 75.1 74.9 74.7 74.6 74.6 74.7	777.6 776.9 776.9 778.3 781.1 785.7 791.8 806.9 816.9 820.0	61.2 62.5 63.3 63.5 62.9 61.5 59.7 58.1 57.1 56.7	838.8 839.5 840.2 841.8 844.0 847.2 851.5 857.3 864.0 870.7 876.3	7.3 7.4 7.5 7.5 7.3 7.0 6.8 6.6	49.9 49.8 49.9 50.1 50.2 50.5 50.8 51.4	1,936.4 1,937.9 1,938.4 1,939.6 1,942.1 1,946.9 1,953.6 1,962.0 1,971.7 1,981.8 1,991.4	128.7 129.7 129.7 128.6 123.3 119.5 116.6 115.2 115.0	2,065.1 2,067.6 2,068.1 2,068.4 2,068.7 2,070.2 2,073.2 2,078.6 2,086.9 2,096.8 2,106.4	6.2 6.3 6.3 6.2 6.1 6.0 5.8 5.6 5.5	62.5 62.5 62.4 62.4 62.3 62.3 62.3 62.3 62.5
1989 - January r February r March	1,175.2 1,178.8 1,181.9	59.1 59.4 59.7	1,234.3 1,238.2 1,241.7	4.8 4.8 4.8	75.0 75.1 75.2	824.9 828.7 831.3	55.8 55.1 54.7	880.7 883.8 886.1	6.3 6.2 6.2	51.6 51.7 51.8	2,000.1 2,007.5 2,013.3	114.9 114.6 114.5	2,115.0 2,122.0 2,127.8	5.4 5.4 5.4	63.1 63.2 63.3
							QUEENSLAND								
1988 - February March April May June July August September r October r November r December r	708.0 713.9 719.0 723.3 726.9 730.2 733.7 737.9 742.5 746.9 750.4	66.8 64.4 62.0 60.0 58.4 57.4 56.8 56.5 56.3	774.7 778.2 781.0 783.3 785.3 787.6 790.4 794.3 798.9 802.9 806.0	8.6 8.3 7.9 7.7 7.4 7.3 7.2 7.1 7.0 6.9	75.5 75.6 75.7 75.7 75.7 75.7 75.8 75.9 76.1 76.3	456.1 459.3 462.3 465.5 468.3 470.7 473.0 475.8 479.8 479.1	51.9 51.2 49.8 47.9 46.3 45.2 44.8 45.1 45.9 46.4	508.1 510.5 512.1 513.4 514.6 515.9 517.8 520.9 525.5 530.6 535.4	10.2 10.0 9.7 9.3 9.0 8.8 8.7 8.7 8.7 8.8	48.6 48.7 48.7 48.7 48.7 48.7 48.9 49.9	1,164.1 1,173.2 1,181.4 1,188.8 1,195.2 1,200.6 1,213.6 1,222.0 1,231.0 1,239.5	118.7 115.6 111.7 107.9 104.7 102.6 101.6 102.3 102.5 101.9	1,282.8 1,288.8 1,293.1 1,296.7 1,299.9 1,303.4 1,308.2 1,315.3 1,324.3 1,334.3	9.3 9.0 8.6 8.3 8.1 7.9 7.8 7.7 7.7	61.9 62.0 62.1 62.1 62.1 62.1 62.3 62.5 62.8
1989 - January r Pebruary r March	753.1 755.1 756.1	55.1 54.5 53.8	808.1 809.5 809.9	6.8 6.7 6.6	76.3 76.3 76.1	493.9 498.2 501.5	45.6 44.5 43.2	539.5 542.7 544.7	8.4 8.2 7.9	50.0 50.2 50.2	1,247.0 1,253.2 1,257.6	100.6 99.0 97.1	1,347.6 1,352.2 1,354.6	7.5 7.3 7.2	63.1 63.1 63.0

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, PY AGE, MARCH 1989

	Number	('000)			Participation rate (per cent)					
		Females					Females			
Age group	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
15-64	4,756.1	1,961.0	1,376.1	3,337.1	8,093.2	84.7	57.0	66.5	60.5	72.7
15-19	442.1	14.4	395.7	410.1	852.2	61.8	61.3	59.4	59.5	60.6
20-24	600.6	137.2	375.8	513.0	1,113.6	90.4	64.8	85.2	78.6	84.6
25-34	1,290.7	597.0	283.0	879.9	2,170.7	94.1	59.7	76.2	64.2	79.2
35-44	1,176.6	698.7	161.6	860.3	2,036.9	94.0	69.3	72.2	69.8	82.0
45-54	784.7	387.7	107.5	495.3	1,280.0	89.2	57.6	65.3	59.1	74.5
55-59	280.8	88.1	31.9	120.0	400.8	75.5	32.5	35.5	33.2	54.7
60-64	180.5	37.9	20.6	58.5	239.0	49.9	14.9	18.0	15.9	32.7
65 and over	68.5	12.6	10.2	22.9	91.4	8.8	3.0	1.6	2.2	5.0
Total	4,824.6	1,973.6	1,386.3	3,360.0	8,184.5	75.4	51.0	51.3	51.1	63.1

TABLE 11. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, MARCH 1989

	Per laurad			Unemployed						Civilian		
	Employed Full-time workers		Looking	Looking for part- time work		Labour force	Not in labour force	popula- tion aged 15-19	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate		
				- '000 -	-				- pe	r cent -		
		ATTEN	NDING NEITHE	R SCHOOL NOR	A TERTIARY	EDUCATIONAL	INSTITUT	ION FULL TI	ME (a)			
Males Females Persons	265.0 181.9 446.8	288.0 217.9 505.8	36.2 38.7 74.9	* 0.7 * 2.5 * 3.1	36.9 41.2 78.0	324.8 259.1 583.9	14.1 31.5 45.6	338.9 290.6 629.5	11.3 15.9 13.4	95.8 89.1 92.8		
Left school - Before 1987 1987 1988 to survey date	193.7 130.9 122.3	212.4 145.5 147.9	30.7 19.7 24.5	* 2.1 * 0.1 * 1.0	32.8 19.8 25.5	245.2 165.3 173.4	20.0 9.7 11.4	265.2 175.0 184.8	13.4 12.0 14.7	92.5 94.4 93.8		
Age - 15 16 17 18	10.6 46.2 101.0 140.8 148.2	12.6 53.6 117.2 158.6 163.9	3.7 11.2 15.9 24.6 19.4	* 0.0 * 0.2 * 0.6 * 1.3 * 1.0	3.7 11.5 16.5 25.9 20.4	16.3 65.1 133.7 184.5 184.3	* 3.0 5.5 8.8 13.3 15.1	19.4 70.5 142.5 197.8 199.4	22.8 17.6 12.4 14.0 11.1	84.3 92.2 93.9 93.3 92.4		
		ATTEN	DING A TERT	IARY EDUCATIO	ONAL INSTITU	JTION FULL T	IME					
Males Females Persons	7.1 * 2.0 9.1	31.6 42.8 74.4	* 1.2 * 1.1 * 2.2	5.1 9.1 14.2	6.3 10.1 16.4	37.9 52.9 90.8	51.8 54.0 105.8	89.7 107.0 196.6	16.6 19.1 18.1	42.2 49.5 46.2		
Left school - Before 1987 1987 1988 to survey date	* 2.9 4.0 * 2.3	13.7 28.6 32.1	* 0.1 * 0.4 * 1.7	* 1.6 4.6 8.0	* 1.7 4.9 9.8	15.4 33.5 41.9	15.5 34.7 55.6	30.9 68.2 97.5	* 11.1 14.8 23.3	49.8 49.1 43.0		
Age - 15 and 16 17 18 19	* 0.6 * 3.0 * 2.2 * 3.3	* 2.7 15.7 27.7 28.3	* 0.8 * 0.5 * 0.8 * 0.1	* 1.1 * 3.3 6.1 3.7	* 1.9 3.9 6.9 3.8	4.6 19.5 34.6 32.1	9.0 21.1 38.4 37.3	13.5 40.6 73.0 69.4	* 41.1 19.7 19.9 11.8	33.8 48.1 47.3 46.3		
				ATTENDING	SCHOOL							
Males Pemales Pérsons	* 0.2 * 0.7 * 1.0	62.9 78.4 141.3	* 2.2 * 1.0 * 3.2	14.3 18.7 32.9	16.5 19.7 36.2	79.4 98.1 177.5	207.8 193.8 401.5	287.1 291.9 579.0	20.7 20.1 20.4	27.6 33.6 30.7		
Age - 15 16 17 18 and 19	* 0.0 * 0.7 * 0.0 * 0.2	49.4 57.2 29.4 5.2	* 0.8 * 1.7 * 0.7 * 0.1	17.1 9.9 4.2 * 1.7	17.8 11.6 4.9 * 1.8	67.3 68.9 34.3 7.0	179.1 130.9 74.5 17.0	246.4 199.8 108.8 24.0	26.5 16.9 14.2 * 25.9	27.3 34.5 31.5 29.1		
			•	TOTA	L	•						
Males Females Persons	272.3 184.6 456.9	382.4 339.1 721.5	39.5 40.8 80.4	20.1 30.2 50.3	59.6 71.0 130.6	442.1 410.1 852.2	273.7 279.3 553.0	715.7 689.4 1,405.1	13.5 17.3 15.3	61.8 59.5 60.6		
Age - 15 16 17 18	10.9 47.2 104.0 143.3 151.5	62.6 113.0 162.3 191.1 192.6	4.5 13.7 17.2 25.5 19.5	17.4 11.0 8.1 8.9 4.9	21.9 24.7 25.3 34.4 24.4	84.5 137.6 187.5 225.5 217.0	184.1 143.4 104.3 64.0 57.2	268.6 281.1 291.9 289.4 274.2	25.9 17.9 13.5 15.3 11.3	31.5 49.0 64.3 77.9 79.2		

⁽a) The components of the "Left school" category in the "Not in labour force" column do not add to the total because institutionalised persons are not asked the "school attendance" question.

TABLE 12. LABOUR PORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20-24: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, MARCH 1989

	Panlayed	Employed		Unemployed				Civilian popula-		٠
	Pull-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 20-24	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				- '000 -					- pe	r cent -
		TTA TON	ENDING A TE	RTIARY EDUCAT	IONAL INST	TITUTION PULI	TIME			
Males Females Persons	486.9 375.9 862.8	515.8 438.6 954.3	50.3 34.0 84.3	* 1.4 4.5 5.9	51.7 38.5 90.2	567.5 477.0 1,044.5	22.7 105.1 127.8	590.2 582.1 1,172.4	9.1 8.1 8.6	96.2 81.9 89.1
Age - 20 21 22 23 24	158.5 168.8 173.3 178.9 183.4	178.2 187.2 191.6 196.9 200.5	18.4 17.6 18.6 14.8 14.9	* 1.5 * 1.5 * 0.9 * 1.1 * 0.9	19.9 19.1 19.5 15.9	198.1 206.3 211.1 212.8 216.3	16.7 19.3 24.8 30.5 36.5	214.8 225.5 235.9 243.3 252.8	10.0 9.3 9.3 7.5 7.3	92.2 91.5 89.5 87.5 85.6
	·	ATTEN	DING A TERT	TIARY EDUCATIO	NAL INSTIT	OTION PULL ?	PIME			
Males Pemales Persons	5.2 * 3.4 8.6	25.9 29.0 54.9	* 1.5 * 1.4 * 2.9	5.7 5.6 11.3	7.2 7.0 14.2	33.1 36.0 69.1	40.8 34.6 75.4	73.9 70.6 144.5	21.8 19.4 20.6	44.8 51.0 47.8
Age - 20 21 22 23 24	* 2.4 * 1.8 * 1.5 * 0.8 * 2.1	23.2 13.7 8.5 4.8 4.8	* 0.4 * 0.4 * 0.6 * 0.6 * 0.9	4.5 * 3.3 * 1.3 * 1.3 * 0.9	5.0 3.7 * 1.9 * 1.9 * 1.8	28.2 17.4 10.4 6.6 6.5	27.2 18.9 12.6 10.3 6.4	55.4 36.3 22.9 16.9 12.9	17.6 21.4 * 18.1 * 28.2 * 27.1	50.8 48.0 45.2 39.1 50.5
				TOTAL						
Males Pemales Persons	492.2 379.3 871.5	541.7 467.5 1,009.2	51.8 35.4 87.2	7.2 10.1 17.2	58.9 45.5 104.4	600.6 513.0 1,113.6	63.5 139.7 203.2	664.1 652.7 1,316.8	9.8 8.9 9.4	90.4 78.6 84.6
Age 20 21 22 23 24	160.9 170.6 174.8 179.7 185.4	201.4 200.9 200.1 201.6 205.2	18.8 18.0 19.2 15.4 15.8	6.0 4.8 * 2.2 * 2.4 * 1.8	24.8 22.8 21.4 17.8 17.6	226.3 223.7 221.5 219.4 222.8	44.0 38.1 37.4 40.8 42.9	270.2 261.8 258.9 260.2 265.7	11.0 10.2 9.7 8.1 7.9	83.7 85.4 85.6 84.3 83.9

TABLE 13. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTEPLACE, MARCH 1989 (per cent)

	Born in Au	stralia		Born outside Australia				
Age group	Males	Pemales	Persons	Males	Pemales	Persons		
15-64	85.8	61.9	73.8	83.7	57.8	71.2		
15-19	64.6	62.2	63.4	49.2	48.3	48.8		
20-24	92.6	80.1	86.4	83.6	72.7	78.2		
	95.4	64.2	79.8	92.0	64.6	78.3		
25-34	94.8	70.5	82.6	93.5	68.5	81.4		
35-44		59.8	75.2	87.6	58.3	74.0		
45-54	90.6		55.2	74.3	32.6	54.8		
55-5 9	77.1	33.8		52.7	14.3	34.4		
60-64	49.3	16.8	32.4					
65 and over	9.9	2.5	5.6	7.9	2.2	5.0		
Total	77.3	53.1	64.9	74.0	49.9	62.3		

⁽a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 14. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTHPLACE, MARCH 1989

	Employed		Unemployed				
	Pull-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Total	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate(a)
			- '000 -				r cent -
			MALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America Asia India Lebanon Malaysia Vietnam Europe Germany Greece Italy Malta Netherlands Poland UK and Ireland Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	3,061.0 1,135.4 45.5 37.5 184.1 14.6 16.6 16.4 23.6 765.3 38.6 50.5 99.6 25.0 34.8 15.1 374.5 57.4	3,321.7 1,209.0 47.2 41.3 200.3 14.9 17.9 19.2 26.2 809.0 39.9 53.7 106.6 25.4 35.5 17.1 399.6 59.2 111.1	180.1 77.3 * 1.6 3.8 26.8 * 0.7 6.5 * 0.6 8.1 40.6 * 2.6 3.5 * 2.6 * 0.7 * 0.7 * 0.9 18.4 4.6 4.6 3.5	206.6 87.3 * 2.1 3.9 30.7 * 1.4 7.0 * 0.9 8.2 44.8 * 2.7 * 0.7 * 0.7 * 0.9 20.5 5.1 5.9 3.9	3,528.3 1,296.3 495.2 231.0 166.2 24.9 20.1 34.5 853.9 42.6 577.2 109.8 26.1 36.2 18.1 420.1 64.3 117.0	5.9 6.7 4.2 8.6 13.3 * 8.4 28.2 * 4.5 23.9 * 6.2 * 2.9 * 2.8 * 2.9 * 5.2 4.9 - 7.9 5.0	77.3 74.0 79.1 81.3 72.9 77.2 73.5 71.0 74.6 72.3 79.1 70.3 71.2 79.9 73.1 53.7 73.6 85.7
			ARRIED PEMALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America Asia India Lebanon Malaysia Vietnam Europe Germany Greece Italy Malta Netherlands Poland UK and Ireland Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	679.9 320.9 15.2 14.7 67.6 6.6 * 2.4 7.2 9.2 196.1 11.0 17.9 22.6 5.4 5.9 4.2 94.9 19.3 27.3 20.0	1,332.9 539.3 21.0 23.2 89.3 9.4 3.8 10.3 9.8 361.6 22.4 27.5 38.3 10.7 14.0 6.2 2186.2 27.1 44.3	31.3 24.9 * 1.0 * 0.2 8.0 * 0.0 * 2.0 * 0.0 * 1.9 12.9 * 0.5 * 1.2 * 0.8 * 0.0 * 0.2 * 0.4 5.2 * 2.0 * 2.8 * 1.8	60.3 41.2 1.2 1.4 10.7 0.0 2.5 0.1 2.2 22.6 0.8 1.5 1.5 0.0 0.5 1.5 2.5 2.3	1,393.1 580.5 22.2 24.6 100.0 9.4 6.3 10.4 12.0 384.2 23.2 29.1 39.8 10.7 14.4 6.9 197.7 29.6 49.5 37.9	4.3 7.1 *5.4 *5.8 10.7 *0.0 *39.5 *1.2 *18.0 *5.9 *3.6 *5.3 *3.8 *0.0 *3.2 *9.0 *8.5 10.6	51.4 50.7 66.0 48.9 58.0 27.7 63.1 54.5 49.1 45.9 38.9 46.7 37.0 51.6 54.4 63.5 63.1
			ALL PEMALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America Asia India Lebanon Malaysia Vietnam Europe Germany Greece Italy Malta Netherlands Poland UK and Ireland Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	1,404.9 480.1 21.4 21.1 100.7 9.4 4.8 11.4 13.8 283.9 14.5 21.7 29.8 6.4 8.8 5.7 150.2 23.3 53.0 41.6	2,350.9 756.7 29.6 32.1 134.6 13.6 7.2 16.4 15.3 484.5 28.3 32.8 48.7 12.4 17.9 8.1 262.2 33.0 75.9 60.4	112.8 46.4 1.5 1.2 13.6 0.2 2.5 0.2 2.9 1.6 1.6 1.1 0.4 2.5 7.2 5.4	182.0 70.3 *3.0 *3.1 18.7 *0.2 *3.0 *0.6 *3.4 34.8 *1.5 *2.0 *1.9 *0.6 *0.9 19.9 *2.9 10.8 8.3	2,532.9 827.0 32.5 35.2 153.3 13.8 10.2 17.1 18.7 519.3 29.9 34.8 50.6 13.0 18.5 8.9 282.1 36.0 86.7 68.7	7.2 8.5 9.1 8.8 12.2 1.6 29.5 18.1 6.7 5.7 3.8 4.5 7.1 8.2 12.4	53.1 49.9 56.9 63.7 48.8 54.8 33.6 60.5 47.6 47.2 54.3 43.4 43.3 50.2 51.1 66.6 68.6
			PERSONS				·
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America Asia India Lebanon Malaysia Vietnam Europe Germany Greece Italy Malta Netherlands Poland UK and Ireland Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	4,465.9 1,615.5 66.9 58.6 284.8 24.0 21.4 27.8 37.5 1,049.1 53.0 72.2 129.5 31.4 43.6 20.8 524.7 80.8 156.0 128.0	5,672.6 1,965.7 76.8 73.5 334.9 28.4 25.0 35.6 41.6 1,293.5 68.2 86.5 155.3 37.8 25.2 661.8 92.2 187.0	292.9 123.7 * 3.1 5.0 40.4 * 0.9 9.0 * 0.7 11.1 63.5 3.8 5.1 3.7 * 1.3 * 1.1 * 1.3 30.4 7.1 11.8 8.9	388.6 157.7 5.0 7.0 49.4 * 1.6 10.0 * 1.5 11.6 79.6 4.2 5.6 5.1 * 1.3 * 1.3 * 1.3 * 1.8 40.4 8.0 16.6 12.2	6,061.2 2,123.4 81.8 80.5 384.3 30.0 35.0 37.1 53.2 1,373.1 72.5 92.1 160.4 39.1 54.8 27.0 702.2 100.3 203.7 164.5	6.4 7.4 6.1 8.7 12.9 * 5.3 28.6 * 4.1 21.9 5.8 5.9 6.0 3.2 * 3.4 * 2.5 * 6.6 * 5.8 8.0 8.2	64.9 62.3 68.5 72.6 60.9 65.0 54.7 65.8 62.2 66.6 56.9 55.4 60.7 44.0 61.8 76.4 78.3

⁽a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 15. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, MARCH 1589

				Europe		Oceania		Tctal			
				U.K.	Other				Pemales		
Period of arrival	Africa	America	Asia	and Ireland	count- ries	licu Zea) and	rotal	Males	Karried	Total	Persons
				EMPLOYED	(*000)						
Before 1971	28.0	18.3	76.5	412.2	479.2	28.4	35.9	667.4	201.2	202.6	
1971 - 1975	12.4	22.0	39.3	107.4	62.6	14.6	20.6	156.9	291.3 69.0	382.6 107.4	1,050.1 264.4
1976 - 1980	10.4	10.7	67.4	44.7	28.9	34.0	38.4	116.8	57.8	83.7	200.5
1981 - 1985 1986 to survey date	11.7. 14.3	12.4 10.1	72.0 79.8	47.3 50.1	42.3 18.7	33.2 42.1	41.5 50.6	130.0 137.8	67.2 54.0	97 ₋₃ 85.7	227.3 223.5
				UNEMPLOYE	('000')						
Before 1971	* 1.5	* 0.6	5.7	22.2	25.2	* 1.5	* 2.3	34.3	15.4	23.2	57.5
1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980	* 0.8 * 0.5	* 2.5 * 1.9	4.0	8.1	4.0	* 0.4	* 0.7	11.5	3.6	8.6	20.1
1981 - 1985	* 0.5	* 0.3	8.7 10.1	* 2.5 * 3.4	* 1.8 * 3.2	* 1.9 * 2.0	* 2.2 3.6	9.8 10.4	4.1 6.0	7.7 10.7	17.5 21.1
1986 to survey date	* 1.8	* 1.6	21.0	4.4	5.0	6.3	7.8		12.1	20.2	41.6
• •									•		
			L	ABOUR FORC	E ('000)				•		•
Before 1971	29.5	18.9	82.1	434.4	504.4	30.0	38.3	701.7	306.7	405.8	1,107.6
1971 - 1975	13.2	24.6	43.2	115.5	66.6.	15.0	21.3	168.5	72.6	116.0	284.4
1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985	10.9 12.2	12.6	76.0	47.2	30.7	35.9	40.6	126.6	61.9	91.4	218.0
1986 to survey date	16.1	12.7 11.7	82.1 100.8	50.7 54.5	45.5 23.7	35.3 48.4	45.1 58.4	140.4 159.2	73.2 66.1	108.0 105.9	248.3 265.1
		.,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2211	10.4	30.4	197.2	. 00,1	103.9	. 203.1
			UNEMP	LOYMENT RA	TE (per	cent)					:
Before 1971	* 5.1	* 3.1	6.9	5.1	5.0	* 5.1	* 6.1	4.9	5.0	5.7	5.2
1971 - 1975	* 6.0	* 10.3	9.2	7.0	6.0	* 2.4	* 3.4	6.8	5.0	7.4	7.1
1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985	* 4.1 * 4.0	* 15.2 * 2.6	11.4	* 5.3	* 5.8	* 5.4	* 5.3	7.7	6.6	8.4	8.0
1986 to survey date	* 11.2	* 14.0	12.3 20.8	* 6.6 8.0	* 7.0 21.1	* 5.7 13.1	8.0 13.3	7.4 13.4	8.2 18.3	9.9 19.1	8.5 15.7
-							2010				23.,
			PARTICI	PATION RAT	E(a) (pe	r cent)					
Before 1971	58.6	66.7	64.9	56.9	55.5	68.6	68.4	69.5	46.6	44.0	57.3
1971 - 1975	75.5	76.3	62.2	72.5	68.3	66.2	68.3	83.0	53.7	56.8	69.8
1976 - 1980 1981 - 1985	75.5	91.3	65.4	69.8	73.5	79.9	78.3	82.3	61.3	60.2	71.3
1981 - 1985 1986 to survey date	79.0 73.4	69.7 63.7	60.2 55.3	70.8 73.4	73.1 65.6	82.4 86.2	80.5 81.6	79.8 76.0	59.0 53.5	58.6 54.3	69.0 65.5
			33.3	73.4	03.0	00.2	01.0	70.0	33.3	34.3	05.5

⁽a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 16. EMPLOYED PERSONS: PULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, MARCH 1989 ('000)

				Age	group				
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	Total
				MALES					
Pull-time workers Part-time workers	272.3 110.1	492.2 49.5	1,172.0 45.7	1,106.4 32.0	723.7 30.3	244.4 18.7	146.1 20.5	39.4 27.5	4,196.5 334.2
Total	382.4	541.7	1,217.6	1,138.4	753.9	263.1	166.6	66.9	4,530.7
	·		1	Married Pema	LES		•	:	
Pull-time workers Part-time workers	7.8 * 2.3	105.1 25.2	307.0 252.3	338.1 328.0	183.7 189.2	39.6 45.0	13.3 22.9	6.3	1,000.8 871.3
Total	10.0	130.3	559.4	666.1	372.8	84.6	. 36.2	12.6	1,872.1
• •	•	•		ALL PEMALE	S	•		,	
Pull-time workers Part-time workers	184.6 154.5	379.3 88.3	518.3 300.7	449.8 365.3	257.0 215.9	59.1 55.8	25.6 31.1	11.3 11.1	1,885.0 1,222.6
Total	339.1	467.5	819.1	815.1	472.9	114.8	56.7	22.3	3,107.6
				PERSONS					
Pull-time workers Part-time workers	456.9 264.6	871.5 137.8	1,690.3 346.4	1,556.2 397.3	980.6 246.2	303.5 74.4	171.7 51.6	50.7 38.5	6,081.4 1,556.8
Total	721.5	1,009.2	2,036.7	1,953.5	1,226.8	377.9	223.3	89.3	7,638.3

TABLE 17. HOURS WORKED BY EMPLOYED PERSONS, MARCH 1989

		Females			
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
	NUMBER EM	PLOYED ('000)			
Weekly hours worked -					
0	220.9	94.1	49.7	143.9	364.7
1-15	202.8	383.6	201.4	585.0	. 787.8
16-29	240.5	392.6	139.1	531.7	772.2
30-34	304.1	169.8	112.8.	282.6	586.7
35-39	761.2	295.2	272.2	567.3	1,328.6
40	957.3	261.4	248.9	510.3	1,467.6
41-44	280.2	61.8	64.9	126.7	406.9
45-48	444.8	72.0	63.4	135.4	580.2
49 and over	1,118.8	141.7	83.0	224.7	1,343.5
Total	4,530.7	1,872.1	1,235.4	3,107.6	7,638.3
	WEEKLY F	OURS WORKED			
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million)	184.2	53.3	38.7	92.0	276.2
By full-time workers	179.1	39.2	33.6	72.8	251.9
By part-time workers	5.1	14.1	5.1	19.2	24.3
by part same norman	*				
Average weekly hours worked	40.6	28.5	31.4	29.6	36.2
By full-time workers	42.7	39.2	38.0	38.6	41.4
By part-time workers	15.3	16.1	14.6	15.7	15.6
Average weekly hours worked by persons					
who worked one hour or more in the					
reference week	42.7	30.0	32.7	31.0	38.0
By full-time workers	44.9	41.4	39.8	40.7	43.6
By part-time workers	15.9	16.9	15.0	16.4	16.3

TABLE 18. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, MARCH 1989 (per cent)

	Males			Pemales		•	
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
15-19	64.5	53.3	53.4	42.6	49.4	49.2	51.3
20-24	86.9	80.5	81.6	61.5	76.5	71.6	76.6
25-34	92.3	82.7	88.8	56.0	69.9	59.8	74.3
35-44	92.7	82.3	90.9	66.1	66.6	66.2	78.6
45-54	88.2	73.4	85.7	55.4	60.8	56.4	71.4
55-59	73.8	56.1	70.7	31.2	33.6	31.8	51.6
60-64	48.2	37.7	46.1	14.3	17.9	15.4	30.6
65 and over	9.0	7.2	8.5	3.0	1.5	2.1	4.8
Total	74.6	64.8	70.8	48.4	45.7	47.3	58.9

TABLE 19. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 BOURS, BY REASON, MARCH 1989 ('000)

		Females			
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
Leave, holiday or flextime Own illness or injury Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. Began or left job in the reference week Stood down, on short time, insufficient work Shift work, standard work arrangements Other reasons	344.9 127.2 29.0 12.4 26.6 67.4 26.6	99.0 40.5 * 1.6 * 2.4 6.9 13.8 4.7	83.7 41.4 * 0.3 5.8 3.7 15.1 * 1.7	182.7 81.9 * 1.9 8.1 10.6 29.0 6.3	527.6 209.2 30.8 20.5 37.2 96.4 32.9
Total	634.1	168.8	151.7	320.5	954.6

TABLE 20. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, MARCH 1989 ($^{\circ}00\psi$)

	Age group							
·	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	Total	
		MALES			,			
Total	110.1	49.5	45.7	32.0	30.3	66.6	334.2	
Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	88.8 21.3	31.8 17.7	31.1 14.6	21.3 10.7	23.1 7.1	57.3 9.4	253.5 80.7	
in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	9.4	10.9	9.3	5.7	* 3.2	* 2.7	41.1	
	н	ARRIED FEMAL	ES					
Total	* 2.3	25.2	252.3	328.0	189.2	74.3	871.3	
Preferred not to work more hours	* 1.2	19.8	221.9	289.1	169.1	69.8	770.9	
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	* 1.1	5.4	30.4	38.9	20.0	4.5	100.4	
reference week	* 0.5	• 2.1	9.4	8.7	4.7	* 0.5	25.9	
		ALL PEMALES						
Total	154.5	88.3	300.7	365.3	215.9	97.9	1,222.6	
Preferred not to work more hours	119.9	60.1	257.5	316.1	188.3	91.7	1,033.7	
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	34.5	28.1	43.2	49.2	27.6	6.2	188.9	
reference week	15.0	14.0	15.5	11.2	6.9	* 0.5	63.1	
		PERSONS						
Total	264.6	137.8	346.4	397.3	246.2	164.6	1,556.8	
Preferred not to work more hours	208.8	92.0	288.6	337.4	211.4	149.0	1,287.2	
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	55.8	45.8	57.8	60.0	34.8	15.5	269.6	
reference week	24.4	24.8	24.8	17.0	10.1	* 3.2	104.3	

TABLE 21. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, MARCH 1989 ('000)

Hours worked by persons worked in the reference						;	Persons who did not work in the	
	1-5	6-10	5-10 11-15 16-20 21-29 30		30-34	reference week	Total	
		MALES						
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	56.2 43.8 12.4	72.9 57.7 15.2	35.5 25.0 10.5	55.3 38.6 16.6	51.6 35.5 16.1	49.9 41.9 8.0	12.7 10.8 • 1.9	334.2 253.5 80.7
reference week	5.4	7.4	5.8	7.2	10.4	3.9	* 1.1	41.1
	ма	RRIED PEM		`				•
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	92.3 75.5 16.9	154.5 130.0 24.5	127.7 111.1 16.7	172.4 155.9 16.5	185.6 171.7 13.9	98.4 90.8 7.6	40.4 36.0 4.4	871.3 770.9 100.4
in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	3.8	6.1	3.6	4.7	3.8	* 2.7	* 1.3	25.9
·		ALL PEMAL	ES					
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	154.1 122.0 32.1	238.1 194.5 43.6	175.5 148.7 26.8	222.5 190.4 32.1	241.9 211.4 30.5	140.5 123.2 17.3	50.1 43.5 6.6	1,222.6 1,033.7 188.9
in the four weeks to the end of the reference week	9.5	15.4	9.1	12.2	10.0	5.2	* 1.7	63.1
		PERSONS						
Total Preferred not to work more hours Preferred to work more hours Bad actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	210.3 165.8 44.5	311.0 252.2 58.8	211.1 173.7 37.3	277.8 229.1 48.7	293.5 246.9 46.6	190.4 165.2 25.3	62.8 54.3 8.5	1,556.8 1,287.2 269.6
in the rour weeks to the end of the reference week	14.9	22.8	14.9	19.4	20.4	9.1	* 2.8	104.3

TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, MARCH 1989 ('000)

New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Australia(a)
		MALES	•			
17.4 19.2 27.0 42.2	14.7 11.9 14.0 18.8	12.5 10.2 14.1 17.7	5.4 5.8 8.6 10.5	6.0 6.1 5.0 8.4	1.5 3.5 2.7 3.6	59.6 58.9 73.1 102.3
105.9	59.3	54.5	30.3	25.5	11.3	293.9
		PEMALES				
21.4 12.8 24.2 29.0	18.6 11.4 10.9 16.9	14.6 9.3 10.1 11.4	4.9 4.1 5.1 6.0	6.1 4.1 6.4 7.5	3.0 2.1 2.4 2.5	71.0 45.5 60.9 75.0
87.5	57.8	45.5	20.2	24.0	9.9	252.4
		PERSONS				•
25.5 27.2 41.1 25.0 18.4 13.0	19.4 19.0 20.8 10.6 7.8 7.1	15.2 17.1 20.5 11.0 7.0 5.9	6.9 8.5 11.7 7.6 4.1 2.3	7.5 7.8 8.4 5.0 4.1 2.8	3.6 4.8 4.3 2.7 1.7 • 0.7	80.4 87.2 109.7 63.1 44.1 32.2
150.2	84.8	76.7	41.2	35.6	17.8	416.6
38.8 32.0 51.2 32.0 23.1 16.2	33.3 23.3 25.0 16.9 9.0 9.7	27.1 19.5 24.2 13.6 8.6 6.9	10.3 9.9 13.7 8.9 4.5 3.1	12.0 10.2 11.4 7.3 4.9	4.5 5.6 5.1 3.2 2.0	130.6 104.4 134.0 83.4 53.2 40.8
	17.4 19.2 27.0 42.2 105.9 21.4 12.8 24.2 29.0 87.5	17.4	Wales Victoria Queensland	Wales Victoria Queensland Australia	MALES Victoria Queensland Australia Australia Australia	MALES NAMES NAMES NAMES NAMES NAMES

⁽a) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory

TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15-19: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, MARCH 1989

	Attending school	Left school before 1988	Left school 1988 to survey date	Total
	NUMBE	R ('000)		
Duration of unemployment (weeks) -				
Under 4	11.4	14.1	8.2	33.6
4 and under 13	13.1	16.9	17.3	47.4
13 and under 26	6.7	10.2	8.5	25.4
26 and over	5.0	18.0	* 1.2	24.2
Total	36.2	59.2	35.3	130.6
	DURATION OF UN	EMPLOYMENT (weeks)		
Average duration -				
Males	14.3	28.4	9.1	19.7
Females	10.5	28.1	9.9	18.0
Persons	12.2	28.2	9.6	18.8
Looking for full-time work	* 10.5	31.0	10.5	23.5
Looking for part-time work	12.4	11.4	6.8	11.3
Median duration -		•		
Males	8	. 14	* 8	10
Pemales	5	10	8	10 8 9
Persons	6	11	8 .	9
Looking for full-time work	* 6	13	. 8	10
Looking for part-time work	6	* 4	* 6	5

TABLE 24. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, MARCH 1989

	Number unemployed ('000)			Unemployment rate (per cent)							
	Males	Males Females			Rales Females						
	Married	Total	Married		Fersons	Married		Married		Persons	
			LOOKING FO	R FULL-TI	ME WORK						
Total Aged 15-19	116.2	257.4	56.1	159.2	416.6	4.0		5.3	7.8 18.1	6.4 15.0	
Aged 15-19	* 1.7. * 0.2	39.5 15.2	* 3.3 * 0.9	40.8 19.8	80.4 34.9	* 33.5	12.7	* 30.1	10.1	15.0	
Looking for first job Attending school	* 0.2 * 0.0	* 2.2	* 0.0	* 1.0	* 3.2	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
Attending a tertiary	***										
educational institution	* 0.0				* 2.2		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
full time Aged 20 and over	114.5	* 1.2 217.9	* 0.0 52.8	* 1.1 118.4		n.a. 3.9	5.3	5.0	6.5	5.6	
20-24		51.8	5.4		87.2	9.5	9.5	4.9		9.1	
20-24 Looking for first job 25-34	* 0.2	5.7	* 0.9	4.3	10.0	• •	_••	_••	:	<i>.</i> ::	
25-34	36.6	70.4	21.5	39.3	109.7	4.5	5.7	6.5	7.1 5.6	6.1 3.9	
35-44	26.0 20.7	36.3 29.6	16.5 8.0	26.8 14.4	63.1	2.7	3.2	4.7	5.3	4.3	
45-54 55 and over	21.5	29.8	* 1.4	* 2.4	32.2	5.6	6.5	* 2.3	* 2.5	5.8	
Aged 15-64	20.7 21.5 115.5	256.2	56.1	159.2	415.4	4.0	5.8	4.9 6.5 4.7 4.2 * 2.3 5.3	7.8	6.4	
			LOOKING PO								
			DOORING TO	K PAKE 11	NO WORK						
Total	7.1	36.5	45.3	93.2	129.6	5.4	9.8	4.9	7.1	7.7	
Total Aged 15-19 Attending school	* 0.2	20.1	* 1.1	30.2	50.3	* 41.2	15.4 18.6	* 31.7 * 0.0	16.3 19.4	16.0 19.0	
Attending school Attending a tertiary educational institution	* 0.0	14.3	* 0.0	18.7	32.9	* 0.0	10.0	- 0.0	19.4	15.0	
full time	* 0.0	5.1	* 0.4	9.1	14.2		17.3	* 76.5	18.2	17.9	
Aged 20 and over	6.9	16.4	44.3	63.0	79.4	5.3	6.8	4.8	5.6	5.8	
20-24 Attending a tertiary	* 0.4	7.2	* 1.5	10.1	17.2	* 8.8	12.6	* 5.7	10.2	11.1	
educational institution full time	* 0.2	5.7	* 0.0	5.6	11.3	* 46.5	21.7	* 0.0	18.0	19.7	
25-34	* 1.3	* 2.7	16.1	21.6	24.2		* 5.6	6.0	6.7	6.5	
35-44	* 1.7	* 1.9	16.0	18.4	20.2		* 5.5	4.7	4.8	4.8	
45 and over	* 1.7 * 3.4	4.7	10.6	13.0	17.6		4.6	4.7 3.9 5.0	4.0 7.1	4.1 7.8	
Aged 15-64	6.9	36.1	45.3	92.7	128.8	6.3	10.5	5.0	7.1	7.0	
				TOTAL							
Total	122.2	293.9	101.5	252.4	546.3	4.0	6.1	5.1	7.5	6.7	
Aged 15-19	* 1.8	59.6	4.4	71.0	130.6	* 34.1	13.5	30.4	17.3	15.3	
Total Aged 15-19 Attending school	* 0.0	16.5	* 0.0	19.7	36.2	* 0.0	20.7	* 0.0	20.1	20.4	
Attending a tertiary											
educational institution	* 0.0	6.3	* 0.4	10.1	16.4	* 0.0	16.6	* 76.5	19.1	18.1	
full time Aged 20 and over(a)	121.4	234.3	97.1	181.3	415.6		5.3	5.0	6.1	5.7	
20-24	10.2	58.9	6.9	45.5	104.4	9.5	9.8	5.1	8.9	9.4	
Attending a tertiary											
educational institution full time	* 0.5	7.2	* 0.2	7.0	14.2	* 39.1	21.8	* 13.3	19.4	20.6	
25-34	37.9	73.1	37.6	60.9	134.0		5.7	6.3	6.9	6.2	
35-44	27.7	38.2	32.5	45.2	83.4	2 8	3.2	4.7	5.2	4.1	
45-54	21.8	30.8	14.9	22.4	53.2	3.3	3.9	3.8	4.5	4.2	
55-59	12.9	17.7	* 3.4	5.2	22.9	5.4		* 3.9 * 4.4	4.3 * 3.1	5.7 6.6	
60-64 Aged 15-64	10.1 122.4	14.0 292.3	* 1.7 101.5	* 1.8 251.9	15.8 544.2	0.0	6.1	5.2	7.5	6.7	
Ayeu 13-04	122.4	232.3	101.5	231.3	31112	***	•••				

⁽a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, MARCH 1989

	Number un	Number unemployed ('000)			Unemployment rate (per cent)			
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons		
		BORN IN A	JSTRALIA					
Total	206.6	182.0	388.6	5.9	7.2	6.4		
Looking for full-time work	180.1	112.8	292.9	5.6	7.4	6.2		
Looking for part-time work	26.4	69.2	95.7	9.2	6.8	7.3		
Aged 15-19	52.1	63.7	115.9	13.1	17.1	15.0		
Aged 20 and over	154.4	118.3	272.7	4.9	5.5	5.2		
20-24	46.3	35.3	81.6	9.3	8.3	8.8		
25-34	51.7	39.5	91.2	5.2	5.9	5.5		
35-44	21.3	28.3	49.5	2.7	4.8	3.6		
45-54	18.1	11.8	29.9	3.6	3.6	3.6		
55 and over	17.1	3.5	20.5	4.8	2.4	4.1		
Aged 15-64	206.1	181.8	387.9	5.9	7.2	6.5		
		BORN OUTSID	E AUSTRALIA					
Total	87.3	70.3	157.7	6.7	8.5	7.4		
Looking for full-time work	77.3	46.4	123.7	6.4	8.8	7.1		
Looking for part-time work	10.0	23.9	34.0	12.0	8.0	8.8		
Aged 15-19	7.5	7.3	14.8	17.5	19.3	18.3		
Aged 20 and over	79.9	63.1	142.9	6.4	8.0	7.0		
20-24	12.6	10.2	22.8	12.4	11.6	12.1		
25-34	21.4	21.4	42.8	7.0	10.0	8.2		
35-44	17.0	16.9	33.9	4.4	6.4	5.2		
45-54	12.7	10.6	23.3	4.5	6.5	5.2		
55 and over	16.2	4.0	20.2	9.2	6.9	8.6		
Aged 15-64	86.2	70.1	156.2	6.7	8.5	7.4		
•								

TABLE 26. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., MARCH 1989

		hoo.	group					Looking for -		
Duration of unemployment (weeks)	15-19		25-34	35-54	Total(a)	Married	Not married		Part-time work	
			IAM	LES						
					- '000 -					
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8 8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52 52 and under 65 65 and under 104 104 and over	5.2 9.5 8.8 10.5 12.6 3.9 * 1.2 3.9 * 2.2 * 1.9	4.4 7.6 5.9 7.6 11.2 4.8 * 1.5 4.1 * 3.0 8.9	4.5 6.3 7.4 12.0 12.5 5.4 * 2.7 * 3.1 3.9 15.3	4.6 * 3.3 7.2 8.6 9.0 5.2 * 3.0 * 3.1 4.8 20.1	19.6 28.3 30.9 39.9 49.6 21.6 9.5 16.0 17.5 61.1	7.9 6.7 12.3 13.8 18.2 9.5 5.1 7.0 8.8 34.0	11.6 21.6 18.6 26.1 31.4 12.1 4.4 9.0 8.7 27.0	13.7 21.6 23.9 35.9 43.8 19.0 9.0 14.0 17.1 59.5	5.9 -6.7 7.00 4.00 5.7 * 2.6 * 0.5 * 2.0 * 0.4	
Total	59.6	58.9	73.1	69.0	293.9	123.2	170.7	257.4	36.5	
Average duration - Median duration -	19.7 10	4 5.5 16	57.6 17	71.5 28	- weeks - 58.1 18	70.4 27	49.2 14	63.8 21	17.7 6	
			Pem <i>a</i>	LES						
				*	- '000 -					
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8 8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52 52 and under 65 65 and under 104 104 and over	9.2 9.7 15.4 12.8 12.8 * 2.9 * 1.1 * 3.1 * 0.9 * 3.2	5.1 6.2 7.9 6.8 5.5 3.9 * 0.8 3.5 * 1.2 4.7	5.3 10.7 14.8 7.5 6.4 3.9 * 1.2 4.7 * 1.3 5.0	9.8 9.0 10.5 7.7 7.4 4.7 * 1.6 6.8 * 3.4 6.8	30.1 36.5 49.4 35.5 32.5 15.8 4.6 18.1 7.2 22.5	14.3 16.6 22.4 10.2 9.7 5.5 * 1.6 8.7 * 3.4	15.8 19.9 27.1 25.3 22.9 10.3 * 3.0 9.4 3.9 13.4	11.9 16.9 27.2 25.2 24.4 11.5 * 3.3 13.3 6.4 19.0	18.2 19.6 22.3 10.3 8.1 4.3 * 1.2 4.7 * 0.9 3.5	
Total	71.0	45.5	60.9	67.5	252.4	101.5	150.9	159.2	93.2	
Average duration - Median duration -	18.0	34.3 9	32.8 7	36.3 9	- weeks - 32.0 8	30.8 6	32.8 9	39.9 12	18.6 4	
			PERS	ons						
					- '000 -					
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8 8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52 52 and under 65 65 and under 104 104 and over	14.4 19.2 24.1 23.3 25.4 6.8 * 2.2 7.0 * 3.1 5.1	9.5 13.8 13.8 14.4 16.6 8.6 * 2.3 7.5 4.2	9.8 17.0 22.3 19.5 18.9 9.3 3.9 7.8 5.3 20.3	14.4 12.3 17.7 16.3 16.5 9.9 4.6 9.9 8.2 26.8	49.7 64.8 80.3 75.4 82.1 37.4 14.1 34.1 24.8 83.6	22.2 23.3 34.7 23.9 27.8 15.0 6.7 15.7 12.1 43.2	27.5 41.6 45.6 51.5 54.3 22.4 7.3 18.4 12.6 40.4	25.6 38.5 51.1 61.1 68.2 30.5 12.3 27.3 23.5 78.5	24.1 26.3 29.2 14.3 13.9 6.9 * 1.8 6.8 * 1.3	
Total	130.6	104.4	134.0	136.5	546.3	224.7	321.6	416.6	129.6	
Average duration - Median duration -	18.8	40.6 13	46.4 12	54.1 16	- weeks - 46.1 13	52.5 15	41.5 11	54.7 17	18.3	

⁽a) Includes persons aged 55 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 27. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: AGE AND ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK(a), MARCH 1989 ('000)

			Persons			
	Males	Females	Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	Total
Took active steps to find work Wrote, phoned or applied in person to	289.8	240.7	127.3	102.1	301.2	530.5
an employer	241.1	196.1	103.6	85.8	247.8	437.1
Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job Checked factory or Commonwealth	6.2	7.0	* 2.0	* 2.7	8.5	13.2
Employment Service noticeboards Been registered with the Commonwealth	21.6	18.9	10.5	6.3	23.7	40.5
Employment Service Checked or registered with any other	16.4	12.8	7.8	5.4	16.0	29.2
employment agency	* 0.2	* 1.9	* 0.1	* 0.9	* 1.1	* 2.1
Advertised or tendered for work	* 0.2	* 0.8	* 0.2	* 0.3	* 0.6	* 1.0
Contacted relatives or friends	4.1	* 3.2	* 3.1	* 0.8	3.5	7.3
Stood down	4.1	11.7	* 3.4	* 2.3	10.1	15.8
Total	293.9	252.4	130.6	104.4	311.2	546.3

⁽a) See Explanatory Notes, paragraph 15.

TABLE 28. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JCB AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, MARCH 1989 ('000)

	Duration.	of unemploy						
				06	52 and	Total		
	Under 4	4 and under 13	13 and under 26	26 and under 52	over		Females	
Had worked full time for two weeks	63.5	96.3	49.9	33.3	32.2	166.3	108.9	275.1
or more in the last two years	63.5	30.3	42.7	33.3	32	25015		
Industry division or subdivision -								
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	4.3	4.9	* 3.2	* 2.8	* 1.4	12.3	4.3	16.6
Agriculture & services to agriculture	3.9	4.1	* 3.2	± 1.9	* 1.1	10.5	3.8	14.3
**		17.9	9.8	9.0	8.0	42.1	15.8	57.9
Food, beverages and tobacco	* 2.2	* 3.1	* 2.8	* 2.2	* 1.2	8.0	3.5	11.5
Netal products	* 1.4	4.5	* 2.0	* 1.1	* 1.8	9.7	* 1.1	10.9
Other manufacturing	9.5	10.4	5.0	5.7	4.9	24.3	11.1	35.5
Construction	4.4	5.6	6.9	* 2.0	* 2.4	20.0	* 1.2	21.2
Wholesale and retail trade	13.9	23.4	12.0	6.4	5.5	32.1	29.2	61.3
Wholesale brade	+ 2.7	5.8	* 3.2	* 2.5	* 1.3	11.1	4.4	15.5
Milolegate crade	11.2	17.6	8.8	3.9	4.3	21.0	24.8	45.8
Retail trade Retail trade Transport and storage Finance, property & business services Delia defence	73.5	3.9	* 2.3	* 1.0	* 0.8	9.7	* 1.8	11.5
Transport and storage	5.3	6.3	* 2.5	* 2.0	* 1.5	9.1	8.5	17.6
Public administration and defence	* 2.7	4.6	* 1.4	* 2.2	* 2.3	6.2	7.0	13.3
PUDITE SUMINISCIACION AND DETENCE	8.2	12.9	4.0	4.4	4.6	10.9	23.3	34.2
Community services	5.9	13.2	6.2	* 2.8	5.0	16.3	16.7	33.1
Recreation, personal & other services	* 2.3	* 3.4	* 1.6	* 0.6	* 0.6	7.5	* 1.1	8.5
Other industries	- 2.3	- 3.4	- 1.0	. 0.0	0.0	,.,		0.12
Occupation group -								
Managers and administrators	* 2.4	5.0	* 2.2	* 1.0	* 1.4	8.9	* 3.2	12.1
Professionals	5.1	9.9	* 2.5	* 1.6	* 2.5	11.4	10.2	
Para-professionals	* 2.6	* 2.0	* 0.8	* 1.3	* 1.0	4.3	* 3.4	7.7
Tradespersons	7.8	9.1	8.6	7.1	3.6	31.6	4.6	36.2
Clerks	9.9	14.0	4.6	3.6	* 2.7	7.4	27.5	34.9
Salespersons and personal service workers	10.4	19.8	8.1	5.4	4.9	16.3	32.4	48.7
Plant and machine operators	4.4	8.7	6.1	* 2.9		19.6	6.5	26.1
Labourers and related workers	20.8	27.7	17.1	10.4	12.0	66.9	21.1	88.0
Other	35.3	59.4	32.2	18.2	110.3	123.6	131.8	255.4
Looking for first job	21.0	33.2	19.2	7.6	18.7	42.7	57.0	99.8
	6.7	16.1	11.5	4.3	16.0	24.6	30.1	54.7
Looking for full-time work	14.3	26.2	13.0	10.6	91.6	80.8	74.8	155.6
Other	14.3	20.2	13.0	10.0	,,,,			
Stood down	15.8	••	• •	••	••	4.1	11.7	15.8
Total	114.5	155.7	82.1	51.5	142.4	293.9	252.4	546.3

TABLE 29. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: REASON FOR UNEMPLOYMENT, MAPCH 1989

		Reason	for unen	ployment				ent of un	nt of unemployed				
Month	Job loser	Job leaver	Stood down	Looking for first job	Former workers	Total	Job loser	Job leaver	Stood down	Looking for first job	Former workers		
	•	-	'000 -				- per cent -						
1988 -										•			
January	207.1	119.5	14.3	154.8	150.4	646.2	32.1	18.5	2.2	24.0	23.3		
February	201.4	120.6	12.1	137.1	173.6	644.8	31.2	18.7	1.9	21.3	26.9		
March	203.0	121.6	16.7	130.4	173.6	645.2	31.5	18.8	2.6	20.2	26.9		
April	207.9	124.8	25.6	114.6	171.9	644.8	32.2	19.4	4.0	17.8	26.7		
May	190.0	115.0	13.2	103.2	171.6	593.0	32.0	19.4	2.2	17.4	28.9		
June	183.7	110.0	11.9	94.0	169.4	569.1	32.3	19.3	2.1	16.5	29.8		
July	172.9	96.5	15.3	82.5	151.5	518.8	33.3	18.6	3.0	15.9	29.2		
August	170.7	113.5	8.6	90.6	155.3	538.7	31.7	21.1	1.6	16.8	28.8		
September	169.8	113.3	16.6	98.3	156.5	554.6	30.6	20.4	3.0	17.7	28.2		
October	156.9	95.9	12.3	90.4	152.3	507.9	30.9	18.9	2.4	17.8	30.0		
November	152.0	91.4	14.1	85.2	145.6	488.4	31.1	18.7	2.9	17.4	29.8		
December	146.5	109.6	11.7	147.0	148.6	563.3	26.0	19.4	2.1	26.1	26.4		
1989 -										*			
January	172.0	110.6	19.1	141.7	149.0	592.4	29.0	18.7	3.2	23.9	25.2		
February	164.7	126.3	15.1	128.0	164.0	598.1	27.5	21.1	2.5	21.4	27.4		
March	150.8	124.3	15.8	99.8	155.6	546.3	27.6	22.8	2.8	18.3	28.5		

TABLE 30. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS WHO HAD WORKED PULL TIME FOR TWO WEEKS OR MORE IN THE LAST TWO YEARS: REASON FOR CEASING LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND AGE, MARCH 1989 ('000)

			Reason	for ceas	ing last	full-time	job			
			Job							
		off, retr		Total			Job leaver			
Industry group		Females		Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Total
Agriculture, forestry, fishing										
and hunting	* 3.4	* 0.6	4.0	9.3	* 3.3	12.7	* 2.9	* 1.0	3.9	16.6
Manufacturing	17.0	3.5	20.5	24.6	7.9	32.5	17.5	7.9	25.4	57.9
Construction	9.6	* 0.5	10.1	13.9	* 0.5	14.4	6.1	* 0.7	6.8	21.2
Wholesale and retail	12.7	9.2	21.9	18.9	13.0	31.9	13.1	16.3	29.4	61.3
Transport and storage	4.0	* 0.5	4.5	5.8	* 0.6	6.4	3.8	* 1.2	5.1	11.5
Public administration & defence	* 1.3	* 1.2	* 2.5	* 3.2	3.9	7.1	* 3.1	* 3.1	6.2	13.3
Community services	* 2.0	* 3.1	5.1	5.7	9.8	15.5	5.2	13.5	18.7	34.2
Recreation, personal and other services	6.0				٠.,					
Other industries	6.5	5.0 * 1.6	11.0 8.1	9.8 9.7	7.6 * 3.2	17.5 12.9	6.5 6.9	9.1 6.4	15.6 13.3	33.1 26.1
0										
Occupation group										
Tradespersons	12.9	* 1.3	14.2	19.9	* 2.5	22.4	11.7	* 2.1	13.8	36.
Clerks	* 2.5	4.7	7.2	4.7	11.8	16.5	* 2.6	15.7	18.3	34.
Salespersons and personal			_							
service workers	5.5	9.4	14.9	8.6	13.1	21.7	7.7	19.3	27.0	48.
Plant and machine operators,										
and drivers	8.0	* 1.3	9.3	12.2	* 2.4	14.6	7.4	4.1	11.5	26.
Labourers and related workers	27.5	6.5	33.9	44.5	12.6	57.1	22.4	8.5	30.9	88.
Other occupations	6.1	* 2.1	8.2	11.2	7.5	18.6	13.4	9.4	22.7	41.
Age group										
15-19	9.3	7.6	16.9	13.4	11.4	24.8	12.4	13.3	25.7	50.5
20-24	14.9	7.7	22.6	23.0	13.8	36.7	15.9	15.1	31.0	67.8
25-34	15.6	5.3	20.8	27.8	12.0	39.8	19.0	16.7	35.7	75.5
35-44	8.2	* 3.2	11.4	13.9	8.6	22.5	8.9	8.7	17.6	40.1
45-54	7.8	* 1.2	9.0	12.0	3.5	15.6	5.4	3.8	9.1	24.7
55 and over	6.6	* 0.3	6.9	11.0	* 0.5	11.5	3.7	• 1.3	5.0	16.6
rotal .	62.5	25.2	87.7	101.0	49.8	150.8	65.2	59.1	124.3	275.

TABLE 31. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR PORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, MARCH 1989

	Males			Females				
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Earried	Not married	Total	Persons	Proportion of population
				- '000 -				- per cent -
15-19	* 0.1	273.5	273.7	9.1	270.2	279.3	553.0	39.4
20-24	4.4	59.1	63.5	74.6	65.2	139.7	203.2	15.4
25-34	28.8	51.4	80.2	402.3	88.5	490.8	571.0	20.8
35-44	47.6	27.7	75.2	309.6	62.2	371.8	447.1	18.0
45-54	64.9	29.8	94.8	285.7	57.1	342.8	437.6	25.5
55-59	67.6	23.6	91.2	183.0	57.9	241.0	332.2	45.3
60-64	138.3	42.7	181.0	216.3	93.7	310.0	491.0	67.3
65-69	206.4	55.2	261.6	194.7	129.6	324.3	585.8	. 90.7
70 and over	316.4	136.5	452.9	221.0	490.8	711.7	1,164.6	97.4
Total	874.6	699.5	1,574.1	1,896.2	1,315.1	3,211.3	4,785.4	36.9

TABLE 32. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., MARCH 1989 ('000)

	Males			Females			
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
Looking for work Took active steps to find work(a)	12.5 7.7	20.2 11.9	32.7 19.6	27.2 8.9	21.3 10.1	48.5 19.0	81.2 38.6
Did not take active steps to find work	4.8	8.3	13.1	18.3	11.2	29.5	42.6
Not looking for work	826.1	616.7	1,442.9	1,847.7	1,171.3	3,019.1	4,461.9
Permanently unable to work	14.1	11.0	25.1	4.9	11.3	16.2	41.3
In institutions	21.8	51.6	73.4	16.4	111.2	127.6	201.0
Total	874.6	699.5	1,574.1	1,896.2	1,315.1	3,211.3	4,785.4

⁽a) Not available to start work in the reference week for reasons other than own temporary illness or injury.

TABLE 33. ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (FLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS FEBRUARY 1989 AND MARCH 1989 ('000)

			Pemales		
Labour force status in - February 1989	March 1989	Males	Married	Total	Persons
Employed full time	Employed full time	3,225.6	716.0	1,351.9	4,577.5
	Employed part time	50.5	56.2	79.1	129.6
	Unemployed	20.0	* 2.2	9.4	29.4 73.4
	Not in the labour force	43.1	15.8	30.3	/3.4
Employed part time	Employed full time	49.6	60.3	86.3	135.9
zmprojes past sees	Employed part time	161.4	581.4	795.7	957.0
	Unemployed	9.8	8.2	16.5	26.3
	Not in the labour force	26.8	45.3	67.6	94.3
Unemployed	Employed full time	40.2	9.3	25.3	65.5
Onemproyed	Employed part time	18.5	15.7	29.5	48.0
	Unemployed	151.7	37.9	105.9	257.5
	Not in the labour force	34.3	25.2	51.3	85.6
Not in the labour force	Employed full time	28.0	19.3	27.4	55.5
Not in the labour force	Employed full time Employed part time	29.4	67.2	89.1	118.5
	Unemployed part time	32.4	27.1	53.3	85.7
	Not in the labour force	1,049.8	1,440.6	2,281.2	3,331.0
		116.1		171.3	287.4
Total flows into	Employed	117.8	111.6 89.0	139.1	256.9
	Full time	98.4	139.1	197.6	296.1
	Part time Unemployed	62.3	37.5	79.2	141.5
•	Not in the labour force	104.2	86.3	149.1	253.3
					202.5
Total flows out of	Employed	99.8	71.5	123.7	223.5
	Pull time	113.7	74.2	118.7	232.4
	Part time	86.2	113.8	170.4	256.6 199.0
	Unemployed	92.9	50.3	106.1 169.8	259.7
	Not in the labour force	89.9	113.7	. 169.8	259.7
Total changes of status		282.6	235.5	399.6	682.2
Population represented by the	matched sample	4,971.1	3,127.9	5,099.7	10,070.8

TABLE 34. FAMILY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN FOPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: SUMMARY TABLE, MARCH 1989

			Labour	. Not in labour	Civilian population aged 15 and ove			
	Employed	Unemployed	force	force	Males	Females	Persons	
		NUMBER	('000)					
Member of a family	6,309.6	428.0	6,737.6	3,609.1	5,152.9	5,193.8	10,346.7	
Husband or wife With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present With dependents present Without dependents present	4,636.1 2,450.2 2,186.0 2,820.0 1,816.2	214.2 130.5 83.8 138.0 76.2	4,850.4 2,580.6 2,269.7 2,958.0 1,892.3	2,624.8 780.5 1,844.2 885.3 1,739.4	3,778.5 1,708.6 2,069.8 1,951.3 1,827.2	3,696.7 1,652.5 2,044.2 1,892.1 1,804.6	7,475.1 3,361.1 4,114.0 3,843.4 3,631.8	
Other family head With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present With dependents present Without dependents present	265.3 120.9 144.4 161.3 104.1	32.5 19.5 13.0 23.1 9.5	297.9 140.5 157.4 184.3 113.5	291.6 131.5 160.1 148.1 143.5	111.7 29.0 82.7 42.6 69.2	477.7 242.9 234.8 289.8 187.9	589.4 272.0 317.5 332.4 257.0	
Full-time student aged 15-24(a)	231.9	53.3	285.2	476.2	377.4	384.0	761.4	
Other child of married-couple or other family head	1,089.3	114.5	1,203.9	93.7	792.6	505.0	1,297.6	
Other relative of married-couple or other family head	86.9	13.4	100.3	122.8	92.6	130.5	223.2	
Not a member of a family	1,010.8	84.9	1,095.7	716.9	880.2	932.4	1,812.6	
Living alone Not living alone	433.8 577.1	32.3 52.5	466.1 629.6	610.8 106.0	452.6 427.6	624.3 308.1	1,076.9	
Usual resident of a private dwelling where family status was determined	7,320.4	512.9	7,833.3	4,326.0	6,033.1	6,126.2	735.6	
Usual resident of a private dwelling where family status was not determined	151.4	10.9	162.3	75.2	97.8	139.6	237.4	
Total usual residents of private dwellings	7,471.8	523.7	7,995.5	4,401.2	6,130.9	6,265.8	12,396.7	
Visitors to private dwellings	50.6	8.5	59.0	59.8	54.0	64.8	118.9	
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	115.9	14.1	130.0	324.4	213.7	240.6	454.4	
Total	7,638.3	546.3	8,184.5	4,785.4	6,398.6	6,571.3	12,969.9	
		PROPORTION OF	TOTAL (per ce	nt)				
Member of a family	82.6	78.3	82.3	75.4	80.5	79.0	79.8	
Husband or wife With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present With dependents present Without dependents present	60.7 32.1 28.6 36.9 23.8	39.2 23.9 15.3 25.3 13.9	59.3 31.5 27.7 36.1 23.1	54.8 16.3 38.5 18.5 36.3	59.1 26.7 32.3 30.5 28.6	56.3 25.1 31.1 28.8 27.5	57.6 25.9 31.7 29.6 28.0	
Other family head With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present With dependents present Without dependents present	3.5 1.6 1.9 2.1 1.4	6.0 3.6 2.4 4.2 1.7	3.6 1.7 1.9 2.3 1.4	6.1 2.7 3.3 3.1 3.0	1.7 0.5 1.3 0.7	7.3 3.7 3.6 4.4 2.9	4.5 2.1 2.4 2.6 2.0	
Full-time student aged 15-24(a)	3.0	9.8	3.5	10.0	5.9	5.8	5.9	
Other child of married-couple or other family head	14.3	21.0	14.7	2.0	12.4	7.7	10.0	
Other relative of married-couple or other family head	1.1	2.5	1.2	2.6	1.4	2.0	1.7	
Not a member of a family	13.2	15.5	13.4	15.0	13.8	14.2	14.0	
Living alone Not living alone	5.7 7.6	5.9 9.6	5.7 7.7	12.8	7.1 6.7	9.5 4.7	8.3 5.7	
Usual resident of a private dwelling where family status was determined	95.8	93.9	95.7	90.4	94.3	93.2	93.7	
Usual resident of a private dwelling where family status was not determined	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.6	1.5	2.1	1.8	
Total usual residents of private dwellings	97.8	95.9	97.7	92.0	95.8	95.4	95.6	
Visitors to private dwellings	0.7	1.5	0.7	1.3	0.8	1.0	0.9	
Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings	1.5	2.6	1.6	6.8	3.3	3.7	3.5	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

⁽a) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school.

TABLE 35. FAMILY STATUS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS ACED 15 AND OVER(a), MARCH 1989

				Unemploye						
	Employed			Locking				Civilian		
	Pull-	Part-		for full-				populat- ion aged		Partici-
	time workers	time workers	Total	time work	Total	Labour force	labour force	15 and over	loyment rate	pation rate
				-	- '000 -				- per	cent -
		262.6	MAL							77.0
Member of a family	3,480.3		3,742.8	195.0				5,152.9	5.7	77.0
Husband With children aged 0-14 present	2,721.8	37.7	2,839.6 1,555.6	110.8		1,626.4		1,708.6	4.0	78.3 95.2
Without children aged 0-14 present With dependents present Without dependents present	1,722.1	46.4	1,284.0	42.6 71.5	74.6	1,330.5	108.1	2,069.8	3.5 4.0	64.3 94.5
			1,071.1	39.3		1,113.8		1,827.2	3.8	61.0
Other family head With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present With dependents present Without dependents present	19.3	* 1.3	76.3 20.6	6.0 * 1.6	6.7 * 1.6	83.0 22.1	28.8 6.9	111.7 29.0	8.0 * 7.0	74.3 76.2
With dependents present	30.3	* 2.8 * 2.0	55.7 32.3	* 2.3	* 2.4	60.8 34.7	21.8 7.9	82.7 42.6	* 6.8	73.6 81.4
			44.0	3.7	4.3	48.3 127.0	20.9 250.4	69.2 377.4	8.9	69.8 33.7
Full-time student aged 15-24(b)	8.4	94.6	103.0	3.5	24.0	127.0	250.4	3//.4	18.9	33.7
Other child of married-couple or other family head	627.4	43.3	670.6	67.2	68.8	739.5	53.1	792.6	9.3	93.3
Other relative of married-couple or other family head	50.5	* 2.8	53.3	7.5	7.7	60.9	31.7	92.6	12.6	65.8
Not a member of a family	558.3	52.1	610.4	46.0	50.6	661.0	219.2	880.2	7.7	75.1
Living alone Not living alone	247.4 310.9	21.0 31.2	268.3 342.1	20.2 25.8	21.2 29.4	289.6 371.5	163.1 56.1	452.6 427.6	7.3 7.9	64.0 86.9
Total	4,038.5		4,353.3	240.9				6,033.1	5.9	76.7
			FEMA	LES						
Member of a family	1,468.8	1,097.9		122.3	203.6	2,770.3	2,423.5	5,193.8	7.3	53.3
Wife	955.9	840.6	1,796.5	52.5	96.9	1,893.5	1,803.2		5.1	51.2
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	376.6 579.3	517.9 322.7	894.5 902.0	29.1 23.4	59.7 37.2	954.2 939.2	698.3 1,104.9	1,652.5	6.3 4.0	57.7 45.9
With dependents present Without dependents present	457.4	594.0 246.6	1,051.5 745.1	31.9 20.6	63.4 33.5		777.2		5.7 4.3	58.9 43.1
Other family head	117.2	71.9	189.0	18.6	25.9	214.9	262.8	477.7	12.0	45.0
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	54.1 63.1	46.2 25.6	100.3 88.7	11.9 6.6	18.0 7.9	118.3 96.6	124.6 138.2	242.9 234.8	15.2 8.2	48.7 41.1
With dependents present Without dependents present	74.3 42.9	54.6 17.2	129.0 60.1	14.0 4.5	20.7 5.2	149.7 65.2	140.2 122.6	289.8 187.9	13.8 7.9	51.6 34.7
Full-time student aged 15-24(b)	4.3	124.5	128.8	* 2.1	29.3	158.2	225.8	384.0	18.5	41.2
Other child of married-couple or other family head	363.9	54.8	418.7	44.1	45.7	464.4	40.6	505.0	9.8	92.0
Other relative of married-couple or other family head	27.5	6.2	33.7	4.9	5.7	39.4	91.1	130.5	14.6	30.2
Not a member of a family	324.9								7.9	46.6
Living alone	130.1	35.4	165.4	8.9	11.1	176.5	447.8	624.3	6.3	28.3
Not living alone	194.9	40.1	235.0	17.3	23.1	258.1	49.9	308.1	9.0	83.8
Total	1,793.7	1,173.4	2,967.2	148.5	237.8	3,205.0	2,921.2	6,126.2	7.4	52.3
			PERS	ONS						
Member of a family	4,949.1	1,360.5	6,309.6	317.2	428.0	6,737.6	3,609.1	10,346.7	6.4	65.1
Husband or wife	3,677.8	958.4		163.3	214.2			7,475.1	4.4	64.9
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present		402.8		97.3 66.0		2,269.7	780.5 1,844.2	4,114.0	5.1 3.7	76.8 55.2
With dependents present Without dependents present	2,179.5 1,498.2	640.4 317.9	2,820.0 1,816.2	103.5 59.8	138.0 76.2	2,958.0 1,892.3	885.3 1,739.4		4.7 4.0	77.0 52.1
Other family head	189.4	76.0	265.3	24.5	32.5	297.9	291.6	589.4	10.9	50.5
With children aged 0-14 present without children aged 0-14 present	73.4 116.0	47.5 28.5	120.9 144.4	13.5 11.0	19.5 13.0	140.5	131.5	272.0 317.5	13.9 8.2	51.7 49.6 55.5
With dependents present Without dependents present	104.7 84.7	56.6 19.4	161.3 104.1	16.3 8.2	23.1 9.5	184.3 113.5	148.1 143.5	332.4 257.0	12.5 8.3	44.2
Pull-time student aged 15-24(b)	12.7	219.2	231.9	5.7	53.3	285.2	476.2	761.4	18.7	37.5
Other child of married-couple or other family head	991.3	98.0	1,089.3	111.3	114.5	1,203.9	93.7	1,297.6	9.5	92.8
Other relative of married-couple or other family head	78.0	9.0	86.9	12.5	13.4	100.3	122.8	223.2	13.4	45.0
Not a member of a family	883.2	127.6	1,010.8	72.2	84.9	1,095.7	716.9	1,812.6	7.7	60.5
Living alone Not living alone	377.4 505.8	56.4 71.3	433.8 577.1	29.1 43.1	32.3 52.5	466.1 629.6	610.8 106.0	1,076.9 735.6	6.9 8.3	43.3 85.6
Total		1,488.2		389.5				12,159.3	6.5	64.4

⁽a) Civilians who were residents of private dwellings where family status was determined. See Explanatory Notes.(b) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school.

TABLE 36. ALL FAMILIES(a): TYPE OF FAMILY, NUMBER OF FAMILY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS(b), MARCH 1989 ('000 families)

	None emp			One employed				more empl		Total			
Number of family members(c)	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total.	None unemp-	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	
				MAR	RIED-COUE	LE FAMILI	ES						
Two Three Pour Five Six or more	558.6 38.3 19.7 10.2 7.2	25.6 23.6 24.7 12.0 10.6	584.2 61.9 44.5 22.2 17.8	245.7 221.1 260.0 124.8 44.8	24.9 28.2 32.5 19.6 9.3	270.6 249.2 292.6 144.5 54.1	504.3 400.6 616.2 285.3 99.9	17.0 33.5 24.5 14.2	504.3 417.6 649.7 309.8 114.1	1,308.6 659.9 896.0 420.4 151.9	50.6 68.8 90.7 56.1 34.0	1,359.1 728.7 986.7 476.5 185.9	
Total	634.1	96.5	730.5	896.3	114.6	1,010.9	1,906.3	89.2	1,995.5	3,436.7	300.2	3,736.9	
				OTHER PA	AMILIES W	ITH A MAL	E HEAD						
Two Three Four or more	9.0 3.7 * 1.4	4.0 * 1.8 * 0.3	12.9 5.5 * 1.7	24.6 7.9 4.1	7.2 * 1.8 * 0.4	31.8 9.7 4.4	28.8 11.5 * 2.6	* 2.1 * 0.7	28.8 13.7 * 3.3	62.4 23.1 8.1	11.2 5.8 * 1.3	73.6 28.9 9.4	
Total	14.0	6.1	20.1	36.6	9.4	46.0	43.0	* 2.8	45.8	93.6	18.2	111.9	
				OTHER FAI	MILIES WI	TH A FEMA	LE HEAD						
Two Three Four Five or more	84.7 40.8 14.9 8.9	19.9 11.3 * 3.2 * 2.4	104.6 52.2 18.2 11.3	112.4 45.8 14.3 4.1	8.5 8.1 * 2.8 * 0.9	120.9 53.9 17.1 5.0	40.5 35.2 11.0 3.8	3.5 * 1.8 * 1.5	40.5 38.7 12.8 5.3	237.5 121.9 40.3 16.9	28.4 22.9 7.9 4.7	265.9 144.7 48.1 21.6	
Total	149.4	36.9	186.2	176.6	20.3	196.9	90.6	6.7	97.3	416.6	63.9	480.4	
				ОТ	HER FAMIL	IES: TOTA	ιL						
Two Three Four Five Six or more	93.6 44.5 15.6 6.9 * 2.8	23.9 13.1 3.5 * 1.8 * 0.7	117.5 57.7 19.1 8.6 * 3.4	137.0 53.8 17.7 3.9 • 0.9	15.7 9.9 * 3.2 * 0.6 * 0.3	152.7 63.7 20.9 4.4 * 1.2	69.3 46.7 12.6 * 2.9 * 2.1	5.6 * 2.4 * 1.0 * 0.5	69.3 52.3 15.0 3.8	299.9 145.0 45.8 13.6 5.8	39.6 28.6 9.2 * 3.3 * 1.5	339.5 173.7 55.0 16.9 7.2	
Total	163.4	42.9	206.3	213.2	29.7	242.9	133.6	9.5	143.1	510.2	82.1	592.3	
					ALL FAM	ILIES							
Two Three Four Five Six or more	652.2 82.8 35.3 17.1 10.0	49.5 36.7 28.2 13.7 11.2	701.7 119.5 63.5 30.8 21.2	382.7 274.8 277.7 128.7 45.7	40.6 38.1 35.8 20.2 9.6	423.3 312.9 313.5 148.9 55.3	573.6 447.3 628.8 288.2 102.0	22.7 35.9 25.5 14.7	573.6 469.9 664.7 313.7 116.6	1,608.5 804.9 941.8 434.0 157.6	90.1 97.4 99.9 59.4 35.5	1,698.6 902.4 1,041.7 493.4 193.1	
Total	797.5	139.4	936.9	1,109.6	144.2	1,253.8	2,039.8	98.7	2,138.6	3,946.9	382.3	4,329.2	

 ⁽a) See Explanatory Notes for details of exclusions to family tables.
 (b) Employment status refers to persons aged 15 and over only.
 (c) Of any age.

TABLE 37. ALL PAMILIES(a): TYPE OF FAMILY, NUMBER OF CHILDREN AGED 0-14 PRESENT, NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS PRESENT, AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS(b), MARCH 1989
('000 families)

	Number of children aged 0-14 present				s present		
	None	One	Two or more	None	One	Two or more	Total
	NO FAMII	Y MEMBER EM	PLOYED				
Married-couple families	628.7	35.3	66.6	617.1	36.2	77.2	730.5
One or both spouses unemployed(c) Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	30.8 5.7	18.2	38.1 4.8	29.5 5.7	15.9 * 2.8	41.7 5.8	87.1 14.2
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	22.0	13.9	31.6	20.7	12.7	34.0	67.4
Neither spouse unemployed	597.9	17.1	28.5	587.6	20.3	35.5	643.5
Other families	68.4	68.6	69.4	54.1	76.6	75.6	206.3
Family head unemployed Male head unemployed Female head unemployed	5.9 * 1.8 4.1	10.0 * 0.7 9.4	8.1 * 0.6 7.5	* 2.8 * 1.1 * 1.6	12.4 * 1.1 11.3	8.9 * 0.9 8.1	24.1 * 3.1 21.0
Family head not unemployed	62.4	58.5	61.3	51.3	64.3	66.6	182.3
Male head not in the labour force Female head not in the labour force	10.8 51.7	* 3.3 55.3	* 3.0 58.3	10.1 41.2	* 3.2 61.1	3.7 62.9	17.0 165.2
All families	697.1	103.8	135.9	671.2	112.9	152.8	936.9
	ONE OR MORE	FAMILY MEMB	ERS EMPLOYED	•			
Married-couple families	1,430.7	587.0	988.7	1,196.1	603.7	1,206.6	3,006.4
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	45.8	24.3	40.3	40.1	24.4	45.9	110.4
Husband employed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife employed	25.9 11.7	16.6 5.6	32.0 5.9	23.0 10.0	15.6 5.8	35.9 7.4	74.5 23.2
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour	* 1.7	* 0.4	* 0.4	* 1.0	* 1.1	* 0.4	* 2.5
force	5.4	* 1.7	* 1.7	5.1	* 1.7	• 1.9	8.8
Neither spouse unemployed Husband employed, wife employed Husband employed, wife not in the labour	1,384.9 851.3	562.7 343.0	948.5 533.2	1,156.0 700.3	579.4 344.3	1,160.6 683.0	2,896.0 1,727.5
force Husband not in the labour force, wife	397.0	202.6	399.9	336.7	209.6	453.2	999.5
employed Husband not in the labour force, wife not	51.2	8.1	12.4	43.5	12.5	15.7	71.7
in the labour force	85.3	9.0	* 3.0	75.5	13.0	8.8	97.3
Other families	251.1	83.9	51.0	192.6	114.7	78.7	386.0
Family head unemployed Male head unemployed Female head unemployed	7.1 * 3.3 3.9	* 1.1 * 0.3 * 0.8	* 0.4 * 0.0 * 0.4	5.9 * 2.5 * 3.3	* 1.9 * 1.0 * 0.9	* 0.9 * 0.0 * 0.9	8.6 3.5 5.1
Family head not unemployed Male head employed Female head employed Male head not in the labour force Female head not in the labour force	244.0 55.8 89.9 11.1 87.2	82.8 13.0 61.7 * 0.5 7.6	50.6 7.6 39.0 * 0.3 3.7	186.7 40.8 56.3 10.4 79.2	112.8 23.4 76.8 * 1.0 11.7	77.8 12.2 57.6 * 0.4 7.6	377.4 76.4 190.6 11.8 98.5
All families	1,681.8	670.9		1,388.7			
		TOTAL					
Married-couple families	2,059.4	622.3	1,055.3	1,813.2	640.0	1,283.8	3,736.9
One or both spouses unemployed(c) Husband employed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife employed Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	76.6 25.9 11.7 7.4	42.5 16.6 5.6 4.1	78.3 32.0 5.9 5.2	69.6 23.0 10.0	40.3 15.6 5.8 3.9	87.6 35.9 7.4	197.5 74.5 23.2
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	27.4	15.5	33.2	6.7 25.8	14.4	6.2 36.0	16.7 76.1
Neither spouse unemployed Husband employed, wife employed	1,982.8	579.8 343.0	977.0 533.2	1,743.6	599.7 344.3	1,196.1 683.0	3,539.5 1,727.5
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	397.0	202.6	399.9	336.7	209.6	453.2	999.5
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	51.2	8.1	12.4	43.5	12.5	15.7	71.7
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	683.1	26.1	31.5	663.1	33.3	44.3	740.7
Other families	319.5	152.4	120.4	246.7	191.3	154.3	592.3
Pamily head unemployed Male head unemployed Female head unemployed	13.1 5.0 8.0	11.1 * 0.9 10.2	8.5 * 0.6 7.9	8.6 3.7 5.0	14.2 * 2.1 12.2	9.8 * 0.9 9.0	32.7 6.6 26.1
Family head not unemployed Male head employed Pemale head employed Male head not in the labour force Pemale head not in the labour force	306.4 55.8 89.9 21.9 138.8	141.3 13.0 61.7 3.7 62.9	111.9 7.6 39.0 * 3.2 62.0	238.0 40.8 56.3 20.5 120.5	177.1 23.4 76.8 4.1 72.8	144.5 12.2 57.6 4.2 70.5	559.6 76.4 190.6 28.8 263.7
All families	2,378.9	774.7	1,175.7	2,059.8	831.3	1,438.1	4,329.2

 ⁽a) See Explanatory Notes for details of exclusions to family tables.
 (b) Labour force status refers to persons aged 15 and over only.
 (c) Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and wife unemployed.

TECHNICAL NOTE

1. The LFS sample has been redesigned and reselected using information collected in the 1986 Population Census. The new sample was phased in over the period September 1987 to December 1987. For details, see *Information Paper — Labour Force Survey — Sample Design* (6269.0). For more information on sample design estimation procedures and reliability of the estimates for surveys prior to September 1987, reference should be made to the Technical Note in *The Labour Force, Australia, Historical Summary, 1966 to 1984* (6204.0).

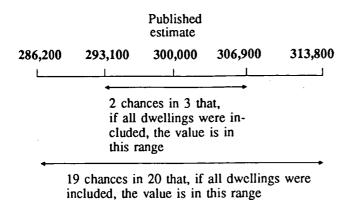
Estimation procedure

2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

Reliability of the estimates

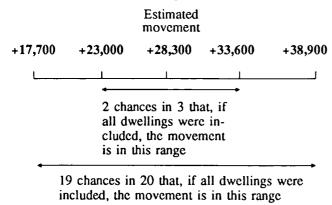
- Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the estimates that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the estimate that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate.
- 4. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements with relative standard errors of 50 per cent or less should be determined by using Tables A and B.
- 5. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted

- that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.
- 6. As the standard errors in Table A show, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication, only estimates with relative standard errors of 25 per cent or less, and percentages based on such estimates, are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. *3.4) to indicate they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution. See paragraph 9 concerning the derivation of relative standard errors for some estimates.
- The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in Table B. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in Table B. Standard errors of quarterly movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.22. Standard errors of quarterly movements calculated this way will not necessarily agree with those obtained by multiplying the figures in Table B by 1.5, which was the method shown in the June 1985 and previous issues of this publication. This is because Tables A and B are derived independently of each other. Standard errors of all annual movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.3. When using Table A or Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.
- 8. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:
 - (a) From Table A it will be seen that an estimate of 300,000 unemployed males looking for full-time work has a standard error of about 6,900. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 293,100 to 306,900 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 286,200 to 313,800.



(b) Suppose that there is an increase of 28,300 in the number of unemployed males looking for full-time work from one month to the next.

Table B relates the standard error of the monthly movement to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived. In this case, if the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived was 300,000, from Table B it will be seen that the standard error of the monthly movement is about 5,300. Therefore there are about two chances in three that if all dwellings had been included in the surveys the movement would have been within the range +23,000 to +33,600 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been with the range +17,700 to +38,900



9. The relative standard errors of estimates of aggregate hours worked, average hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

Aggregate hours worked: 1.2 Average hours worked: 0.7 Average duration of unemployment: 1.3 Median duration of unemployment: 2.0

The levels at which these and other labour force estimates have a relative standard error of 25 per cent are shown in Table C.

10. An example of the calculation of standard errors by the use of these factors is as follows:

> If an estimate of median duration of unemployment for unemployed males is 19 weeks and the number unemployed is estimated as 300,000, from Table A it can be estimated that this figure (300,000) has a standard error of about 6.900 and therefore a relative standard error of about 2.3 per cent. The relative standard error of the estimate of median duration of unemployment is calculated by multiplying this figure (2.3) by the appropriate factor shown in the previous paragraph (in this case 2.0): 2.3 x 2.0 = 4.6 per cent. The standard error of this estimate of median duration of unemployment is therefore 4.6 per cent of 19, i.e. about 1. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment for unemployed males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 18 to 20 weeks and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 17 to 21 weeks.

11. Proportions and percentages (for example, participation rates) formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and denominator. The formula for the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion or percentage is given below:

$RSE(x/y) = \sqrt{[RSE(x)]^2 - [RSE(y)]^2}$

- 12. Standard errors contained in Tables A and B are designed to provide an average standard error applicable for all monthly labour force survey estimates. Analysis of the standard errors applicable to particular survey estimates has shown that the standard errors of estimates of employment are generally equivalent to those shown in Tables A and B, while standard errors for unemployment and not in the labour force are approximately 3 per cent; and 11 per cent respectively higher than those shown in the tables. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States. Standard errors of estimates of numbers of families are approximately the same as those for numbers of persons. Standard errors of estimates of persons born in Australia are approximately the same as those shown in Tables A and B. For aggregate estimates of persons born outside Australia the standard errors are about 15 per cent higher. The standard errors vary for individual countries of birth, but are generally less than 10 per cent higher.
- 13. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the *non-sampling error* and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES FROM MARCH 1989(a)

Size of estimate	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aus	tralia
	number									
100			130	110	120	80	130	100	120	117.6
200	230	230	190	160	180	120	170	140	180	89.0
300	290	280	240	200	220	150	210	170	230	75.2
400	340	330	280	230	250	180	240	200	270	66.6
500	380	370	310	260	280	200	260	220	300	60.5
600	420	410	340	280	310	220	280	240	340	55.9
800	480	470	390	330	350	250	320	270	390	49.2
1,000	540	530	440	370	390	280	360	300	450	44.5
1,300	620	610	500	410	440	320	400	340	510	39.6
1,500	660	650	530	440	470	340	430	360	560	37.0
1,800	720	710	580	480	510	360	470	390	610	34.0
2,000	760	750	610	510	540	380	490	410	650	32.4
2,500	850	840	680	560	600	420	540	450	730	29.2
3,000	920	910	740	610	650	450	590	490	800	26.8
3,500	990	980	800	660	700	480	630	520	870	24.9
4,000	1,050	1,050	850	700	740	510	670	550	930	23.3
4,500	1,100	1,100	900	730	780	540	710	580	990	22.0
5,000	1,200	1,150	940	<i>7</i> 70	820	560	750	600	1,050	20.9
6,000	1,300	1,250	1,000	830	880	600	810	650	1,150	19.1
10,000	1,600	1,600	1,300	1,050	1,100	730	1050	800	1,500	14.8
20,000	2,200	2,200	1,750	1,400	1,500	920	1,400	1,050	2,050	10.4
50,000	3,250	3,250	2,600	2,050	2,150	1,200	2.150	1,500	3,150	6.3
100,000	4,300	4,300	3,400	2,650	2,850	1,500	3,000	1,900	4,300	4.3
200,000	5,700	5,600	4,500	3,450	3,700	1,750	4,200	2,450	5,800	2.9
300,000	6,600	6,600	5,200	3,950	4,300	1,900	.,	2,800	6,900	2.3
500,000	8,000	7,900	6,300	4,750	5,200	2,100		3,300	8,400	1.7
1,000,000	10,300	10,100	8,100	6,000	6,600			- •	11,100	1.1
2,000,000	13,000	12,800	10,300	7,500	8,400				14,300	0.7
5,000,000	17,600	17,100	13,900		-•				19,700	0.4
10,000,000	21,800		•						24,800	0.2

TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS FROM FEBRUARY 1989 — MARCH 1989 ONWARDS(a)

Size of larger estimate	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Australia
100				150		100	90	120	
200				190	230	130	130	150	
300	•		350	220	260	150	150	170	
400	450	410	380	250	290	170	170	190	440
500	490	440	410	270	320	180	190	210	480
600	520	470	440	280	340	200	210	220	510
800	580	530	480	310	380	220	230	250	570
1,000	630	570	520	340	410	240	260	270	620
1,300	690	630	570	380	450	260	290	300	690
1,500	730	660	600	400	470	270	310	310	720
1,800	780	710	640	420	500	290	330	330	780
2,000	810	740	660	440	520	300	350	350	810
2,500	880	800	720	480	560	330	380	370	880
3,000	940	860	760	510	600	350	410	400	940
3,500	990	910	800	540	630	370	440	420	990
4,000	1,050	950	840	560	670	390	470	440	1,050
4,500	1,100	1,000	880	590	690	410	490	460	1,100
5,000	1,150	1,050	910	610	720	430	510	480	1,150
6,000	1,200	1,100	970	650	770	450	560	520	1,200
10,000	1,450	1,350	1,150	780	920	550	690	620	1,450
20,000	1,900	1,700	1,450	1,000	1,200	700	930	800	1,900
50,000	2,600	2,400	2,000	1,400	1,650	980	1,400	1,100	2,700
100,000	3,400	3,100	2,550	1,800	2,100	1,250	1,850	1,450	3,500
200,000	4,350	4,000	3,200	2,300	2,700	1,650	2,550	1,850	4,500
300,000	5,000	4,650	3,700	2,700	3,100	1,900		2,150	5,300
500,000	6,100	5,600	4,400	3,200	3,700	2,300		2,550	6,400
1,000,000	7,800	7,300	5,600	4,150	4,750	•		•	8,300
2,000,000	10,100	9,400	7,100	5,300	6,100				10,700
5,000,000	14,100	13,100	9,700	•	•				15,100
10,000,000	18,200	•	•	•					19,600

TABLE C. LEVELS AT WHICH LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES HAVE A RELATIVE STANDARD ERROR OF 25 PER CENT(b) FROM MARCH 1989 (a)

	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
Estimates classified by—									
Aggregate hours worked	6,300	6,300	4,200	2,900	3,300	1,800	2,700	2,000	5,100
Average hours worked	2,300	2,300	1,500	1,100	1,200	700	1,000	800	1,700
Average duration of									
unemployment	7.300	7,300	4,900	3,400	3,800	2,000	3,200	2,300	6,000
Median duration of unemployment	15.900	15,900	10,600	7,300	8,100	4,200	7,000	4,700	14,000
All other estimates	4,500	4,500	3,000	2,100	2,300	1,300	2,000	1,400	3,500

⁽a) For standard errors, etc. for earlier periods, see previous issues of this publication. (b) See paragraph 9 of this Technical Note.

SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS RELATING TO THE LABOUR FORCE

Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of data on demographic and labour force characteristics, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys on labour force and related topics are published separately as shown below.

Title of Publication	Catalogue No.
Alternative Working Arrangements, Australia, March to May 1982, September to November 1986	6341.0
Annual and Long Service Leave Taken, Australia, May 1983 to April 1984	6317.0
Child Care—May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980; November 1984; June 1987	4402.0
Employment Benefits. Annually. Latest issue August 1987	6334.0
Summary, August 1988	6332.0
Income Distribution Survey, Australia, Persons with Earned Income, 1986	6546.0
Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue July 1988	6222.0
Labour Force Experience. Annually. Latest issue February 1988	6206.0
Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia. Annually. Latest issue February 1988	6235.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families. Annually. Latest issue June 1988	6224.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Migrants, Australia, March 1987 (previously:	
Characteristics of Migrants Aged 18 Years and Over at Time of Arrival and who Arrived after 1960) 6250.0
Labour Mobility. Annually. Latest issue February 1988	6209.0
Multiple Jobholding. Two-yearly. Latest issue August 1987	6216.0
Persons Who Intended to Retire from Full-time Work, Australia, September 1984	6258.0
Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia. Twice-yearly. Latest issue September 1988	6220.0
Persons Who Had Re-entered the Labour Force, Australia, May 1985, May 1987	6264.0
Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, Australia, November 1985, April 1988	6267.0
Retirement and Retirement Intentions, Australia, November 1986 (previously: Persons Retired from	
Full-time Work)	6238.0
Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience, (previously: Methods of Obtaining Jobs) June 1986	6245.0
Superannuation, Australia, February 1974; September to November 1982, November 1988	6319.0
Trade Union Members, November 1976, March-May 1982, August 1986	6325.0
Transition From Education to Work. Annually. Latest issue May 1988	6227.0
Underemployed Workers, May 1988	6265.0
Weekly Earnings of Employees (Distribution). Annually. Latest issue August 1987	6310.0
Summary, August 1988	6309.0
Working Hours Arrangements, Australia, February-May 1981	6338.0
Working Hours Arrangements—Supplementary Tables, Australia, February-May 1981	6339.0

⁽a) Estimates derived from labour force surveys. For more recent estimates, see the relevant tables in this publication.

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